

HydroTherm®



KN Series

Cast iron condensing boilers
Models **KN-2** and **KN-4**

Control manual
Control adjustment and
operation instructions

Also read and follow:
KN Boiler manual
KN Vent/air manual



WARNING This manual is intended only for use by a qualified heating installer/technician. Read and follow this manual, all supplements and related instructional information provided with the boiler. Install, start and service the boiler only in the sequence and methods given in these instructions. Failure to do so can result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

WARNING **Do not use the boiler during construction.** Construction dust and particulate, particularly drywall dust, will cause contamination of the burner, resulting in possible severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage. The boiler can only be operated with a dust-free air supply. Follow the instruction manual procedures to duct air to the boiler air intake. If the boiler has been contaminated by operation with contaminated air, follow the instruction manual guidelines to clean, repair or replace the boiler if necessary.

CAUTION Affix these instructions near to the boiler/water heater. Instruct the building owner to retain the instructions for future use by a qualified service technician, and to follow all guidelines in the User's Information Manual.

The KN boiler — HeatNet™ control



KN
HeatNet
Control panel

Control overview

The KN HeatNet control monitors boiler temperature and limit circuit inputs, modulating boiler firing rate to meet demand. The control uses microprocessor electronics, watching time-average response from the system to anticipate how much heat the system needs. Coupled with the five-to-one turndown of the KN boiler, this results in maximum possible condensing-mode operation. The KN boiler will provide unmatched seasonal efficiency.

Indoor air reset (IAR)

HydroTherm's unique approach to boiler output regulation is its Indoor Air Reset function. The control monitors the demand from up to 8 different zones. Watching the demand duration and response to supply temperature, averaging over time, the HeatNet control anticipates system needs. It sets boiler maximum firing rate and adjusts supply water temperature to fine-tune boiler heat output. All that is required to enable IAR is to connect thermostat circuit wires to the IAR inputs. The HeatNet control can also be configured for outdoor reset operation, but IAR provides response based on system behavior rather than just looking at outdoor temperature.

The HeatNet platform

HeatNet controls are designed to provide an integrated boiler management system on every boiler. The platform provides multiple levels of selectivity. HeatNet electronics can be operated as a simple single-boiler control, while still providing intelligent regulation of boiler firing rate to match system demand. With a few key strokes on the key pad, the HeatNet control can operate as a sophisticated multiple-boiler controller, using simple RJ45 cable interfacing between units. The control can even accept external control commands from building managements systems (Modbus standard, with optional bridge for BACnet or LonWorks) or 20-milliamp analog input from an external controller.

The control method used by the HeatNet control is based on digital communications, which eliminates the need for analog control signals. Analog signal inputs are supported, but a higher level of control precision, repeatability and feedback is gained with digital communications.

The HeatNet control can be versatile, providing for operation in multiple ways:

- Operation as a stand-alone boiler.
- Operation as a boiler in a boiler network, using the on-board HeatNet protocol.
- Operation as a member boiler in a boiler management system.
- Operation as a member of a remotely-controlled boiler network (20-milliamp regulation).
- Setpoint can be determined by the HeatNet control or by a 20-milliamp input signal.

PID response

The HeatNet control uses proportional-integral-derivative calculations to determine the response to boiler water temperature changes. This means it not only looks at how far away the water temperature is from the setpoint temperature, but how fast the temperature is changing and how it has responded over time. This ensures the boiler won't make sudden unnecessary changes in firing rate.

Multiple boiler operation

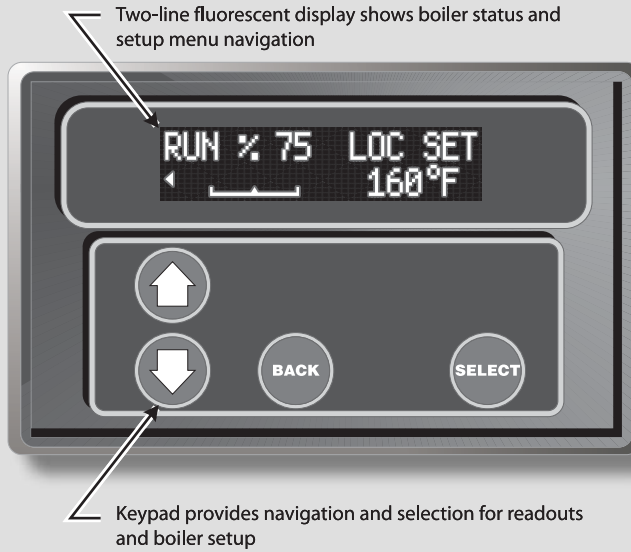
The HeatNet control easily interfaces with other HeatNet controls. Multiple boiler operation using HeatNet protocol only requires RJ45 cables daisy-chained from boiler to boiler and a few key strokes setting up control behavior. The master boiler is automatically selected by connecting a sensor lead to its HEADER sensor terminals. The HeatNet control recognizes the sensor and configures the boiler as the master. Other boilers only need to have an address assigned.

Among the advanced design features of the HeatNet control is the MOD-MAX setting. This limits the firing rate of all boilers to a pre-set maximum (50% by default). This means all of the boilers will be run at a very efficient level until all boilers are on. Only then can firing rate increase above this setting. Boiler rotation can be first-on/first-off, first-on/last-off, or true rotation (the HeatNet control monitors the total on time of all boilers, and rotates their usage so the total on time is the same for all).

The KN boiler — HeatNet™ control

KN Control panel

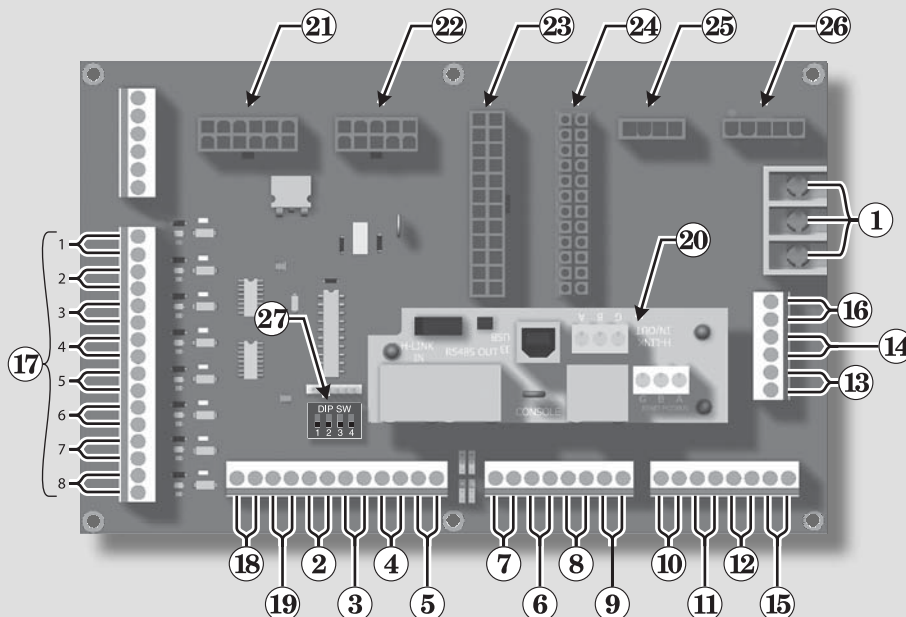
(Located on boiler front — shown with keypad cover removed)



Electrical connection board

(Located in center panel on boiler right side)

(All field and boiler wiring connects here)



(All boiler wiring is made with non-interchangeable plug-in harnesses, connected to this board)

Wiring connections

1. Power wiring, 120 vac
2. Heat demand input
3. DHW demand input
4. Low fire terminals
5. High fire terminals
6. To boiler outlet water temperature sensor
7. To optional outdoor temperature sensor
8. To optional boiler return water temperature sensor
9. To optional header temperature sensor
10. To boiler postpurge pump (factory piped and wired)
11. To boiler circulator
12. Alarm output dry contacts
13. To external high limit and/or low water cutoff if desired
14. To flow switch, when used
15. Used to activate combustion air damper if desired
16. To combustion air damper proving switch, required when controlling combustion air damper
17. Indoor air reset inputs — connect to up to 8 zone thermostats
18. Optional 20 ma control signal input
19. Remote enable to start when operating on 20 ma input
20. Optional HeatNet communications board
21. Boiler wiring socket to blower and gas valve
22. Boiler wiring socket to pressure switches and Fenwal control
23. Boiler wiring socket to control panel
24. Boiler wiring socket to control panel
25. Boiler wiring socket to power switch
26. Boiler wiring socket to transformer
27. Termination DIP switches

KN
components

The KN boiler — with HeatNet™ control



Contents



KN
HeatNet
Control panel

1 Method 1: HeatNet modulation – control.....page 6

- The KN HeatNet control can control up to (16) KN boilers using built-in software and hardware.
- Install a RS485 interface on each boiler and connect with RJ45 HeatNet cables (or shielded wires).
- The header water temperature setpoint can be set by the master boiler or by a 4-20ma input from an external controller.
- Member boilers can override master boiler control if they receive a contact closure on the Heat Demand or DHW Demand terminals.

2 Method 2: HeatNet modulation – BMSpage 14

- This method uses the KN control's built-in communications capabilities to accept Modbus protocol inputs from a building management system. The master boiler control sequences and modulates the boiler network to accomplish the demands from the building management system.
- Each boiler requires the RS485 interface board and cable, above.
- Boiler setup is essentially the same as for method 1, with the exception that each boiler must be assigned both a HeatNet network address and an address for the Modbus interface.
- An additional bus is required to interface with systems using BACnet or LonWorks protocol.
- The master boiler will take control and regulate the boiler network if signal from the BMS is lost or times out.

3 Method 3: External 4-20ma controlpage 16

- Up to 5 boilers can be controlled by an external control that provides a 4-20ma input signal. The external controls must also activate each boiler by closing a contact across the boiler's 4-20ma Remote Enable contacts.
- Member boilers can override external boiler control if they receive a contact closure on the Heat Demand or DHW Demand terminals.

4 Control menus and adjustmentspage 22

- Operating parameters and control behaviors are set using the KN control's display/keypad interface.
- Refer to this section for the menu structure and explanations of the setting options.

5 Troubleshootingpage 31

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Method 1: HeatNet modulation – local control

WARNING **Electrical shock hazard** — Disconnect all electrical power sources to the boiler before making any electrical connections.

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation! Verify proper operation after servicing.

Failure to comply with the above could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

NOTICE The electrical connections to this boiler must be made in accordance with all applicable local codes and the latest revision of the National Electrical Code, ANSI /NFPA-70. Installation should also conform to CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part I if installed in Canada. Install a separate 120 volt 15 amp circuit for the boiler. A properly rated shut-off switch should be located at the boiler. The boiler must be grounded in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction, or if none, the latest revision of the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA-70.

Line voltage field wiring of any controls or other devices must use copper conductors with a minimum size of #14 awg. Use appropriate wiring materials for units installed outdoors.

Figure 1 Electrical connection board (see item 10, page 3 for location — Also see the wiring summary illustrations on the next pages)

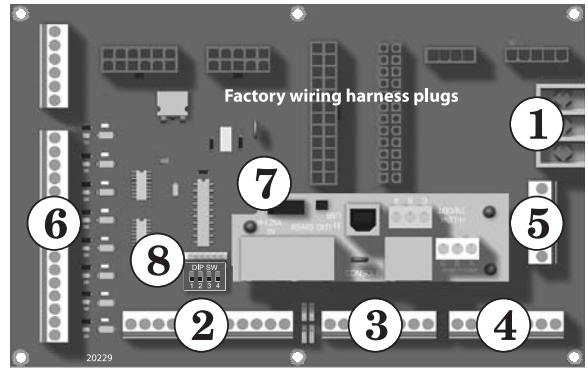
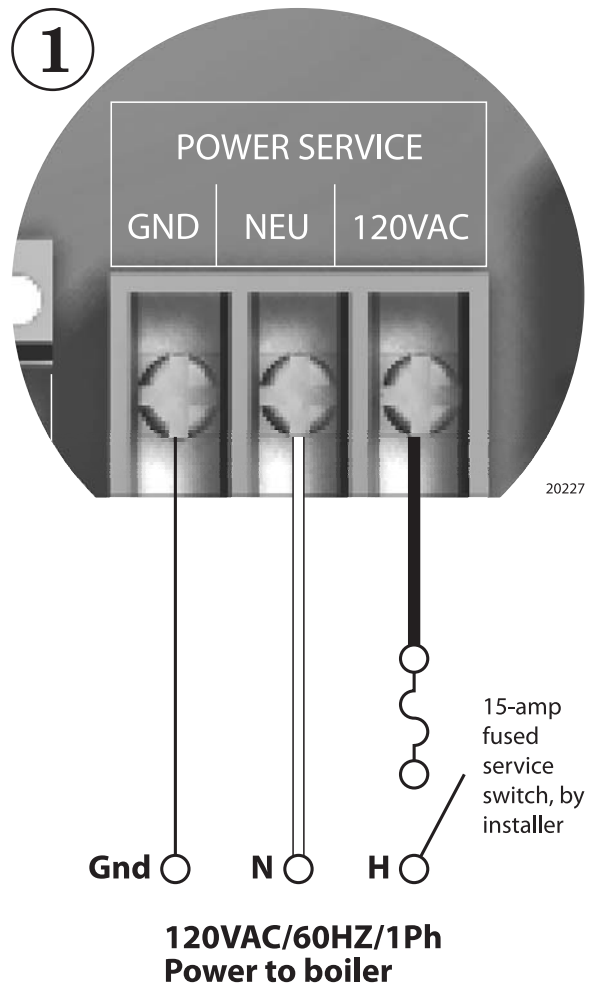


Figure 2 120VAC power service terminals on electrical connection board — See Figure 15 for location of the power terminal strip



Overview — control setup sequence

CAUTION **Follow the Boiler manual** — Install the boilers according to the KN Boiler manual before attempting to set up the control system.

1. Install all boilers per the Boiler manual.
2. Close the external gas valve on every boiler.
3. Wire all boilers following the guidelines in this section.
4. Attach a header sensor to the master boiler ONLY. The KN-2 control automatically configures the boiler with a header sensor as the master.
5. Set the master boiler control parameters using its display/keypad.
6. Set the master boiler's termination DIP switches.
7. Set the termination DIP switches on the member boilers.
8. Set the member boilers' control parameters using their display/keypads.
9. Follow the instructions in the Boiler manual to start up each boiler before proceeding further.
10. Finish by connecting cables between the communications boards of all of the boilers and verifying network operation.

Add communications modules

1. Insert a RS485 communications module onto each of the boilers' electrical connection panels, as shown in Figure 1.

Power supply (120 VAC)

1. See Figure 1 and Figure 2.
2. Connect minimum 14awg copper wire to the power connection as shown in Figure 2.
3. Install a fused service switch, mounted and installed in accordance with all applicable codes.

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Method 1: HeatNet modulation – local control *(cont.)*

Circulator wiring

Postpurge circulator (KN-2 only)

- The circulator shipped installed with the boiler cannot be used for system circulation. It must be used as supplied from the factory. It circulates water after the boiler stops firing to prevent potential damage from heat pocketing in the top of the heat exchanger.
- The postpurge circulator is factory-piped and pre-wired. Do not change the usage, the wiring, the location or the piping.

Boiler circulator

- See the Boiler manual for circulator piping.
- Figure 3, Figure 4, and Figure 5 show wiring of the Boiler circulator (or boiler/system circulator) to the terminal strip of the KN-2 electrical connection board.
- DO NOT directly connect a circulator with a motor larger than 1/4 hp. For larger motors, install a circulator relay or motor contactor. Figure 3 and Figure 4 show the correct ways to install the boiler circulator using a relay or motor starter.

Figure 3 Wiring the boiler circulator using a circulator relay (required for motors over 1/4 hp)

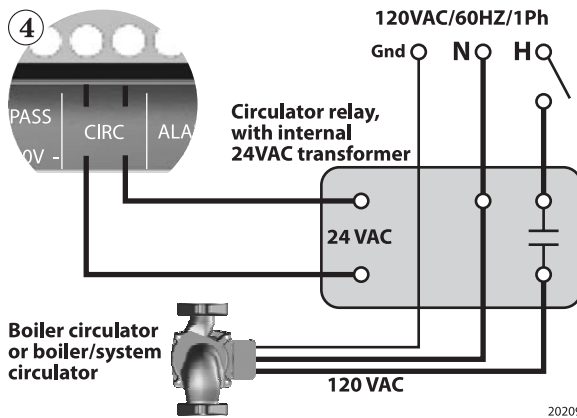


Figure 4 Wiring the boiler circulator using a relay or starter (required for motors over 1/4 hp)

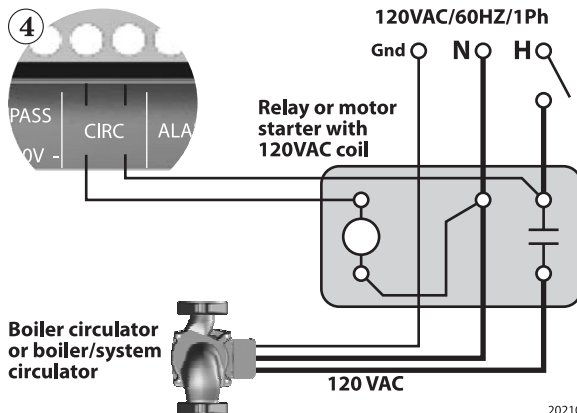
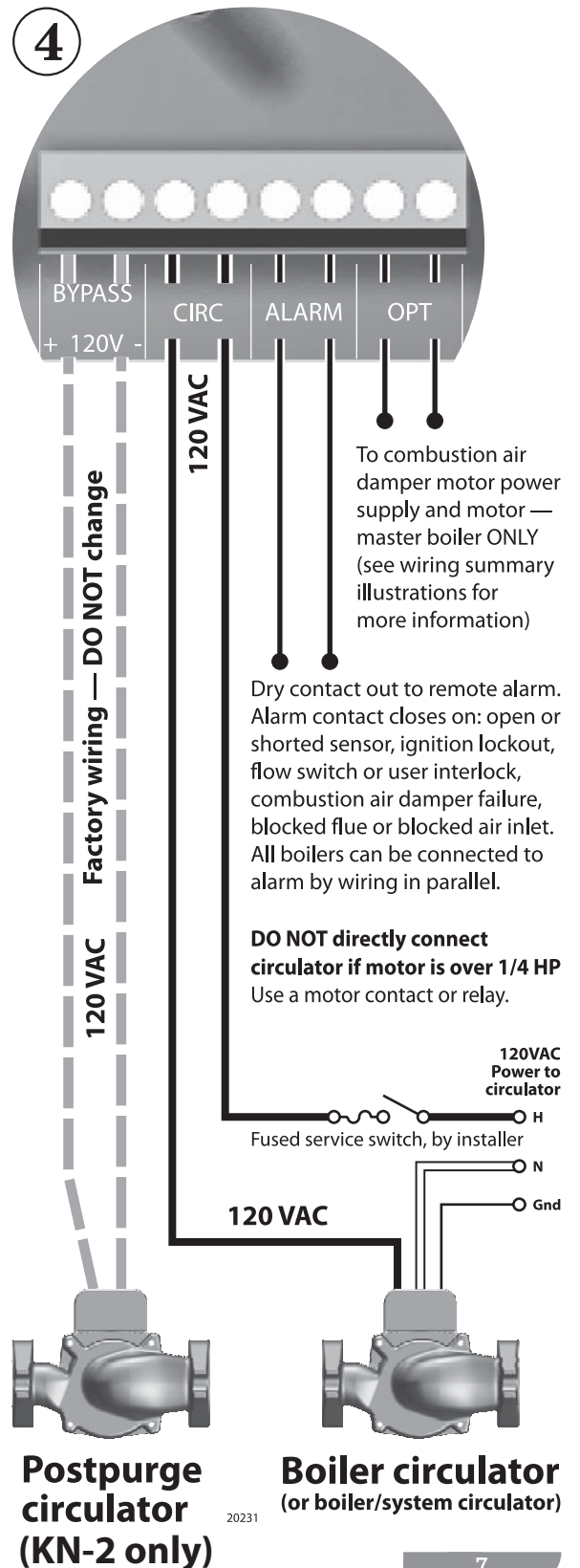


Figure 5 Circulator wiring terminal strip (see Figure 1, page 6, for location) — Also see the wiring summary illustrations on the next pages)



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Method 1: HeatNet modulation – local control *(cont.)*

IAR (Indoor Air Reset) wiring, when used

- Heat Demand terminal connections — The end switch leads from the zone valves must connect to the Heat Demand terminals on the electrical connection board as shown in Figure 7, page 9.
- See Figure 6 for typical wiring to the IAR inputs when using 4-wire zone valves without a zone controller. For other applications, such as circulator relays or zone controllers, see Appendix A in the Boiler manual.

CAUTION Polarity — The connections to the **IAR** positive terminals (**IAR +**) must be to the same location on the zone valve as the thermostat wire, as shown in Figure A1. The connections to the **IAR** negative terminals (**IAR -**) must be from the zone valve terminal connected to the 24VAC common line, as shown. Connecting the wires incorrectly can cause the transformer to be shorted out and damaged. Verify the wiring with a voltmeter.

CAUTION Always use a voltmeter to check the leads coming from the end switches of the zone valves. With the thermostat calling for heat, connect the voltmeter leads across the wires coming from the end switches. If the meter shows a voltage reading, the zone valve wires are incorrect. Change the wiring and retest. **DO NOT** connect the wires to the boiler until you have tested as described. Incorrect wiring can damage the boiler control or other system components.

- If there is only one transformer feeding all of the zone valves in the system, you can omit the wires to the **IAR** negative terminals (**IAR -**) on all but one of the zone valves. This is because these terminals are jumpered internally on the electrical connection board. If there is more than one transformer, provide one wire from each transformer common side to one of the **IAR** negative terminals (**IAR -**).

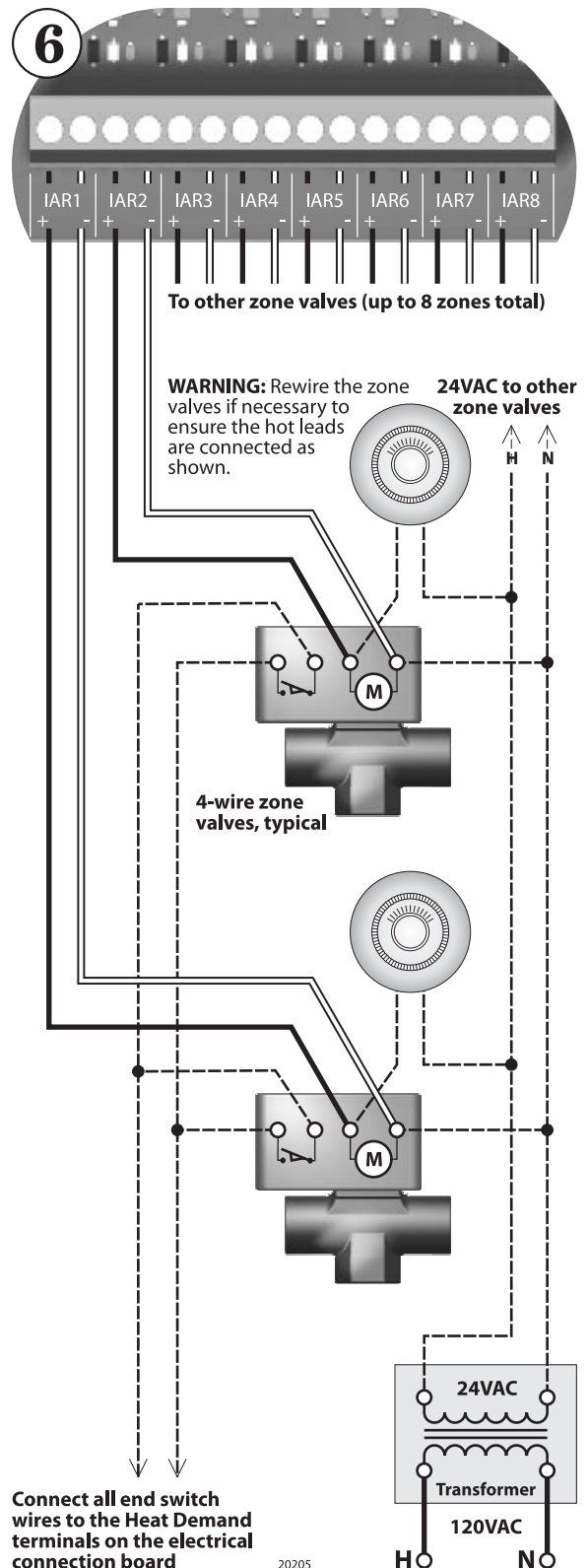
Sensor wiring

- Header sensor is required** — A header sensor must be installed in the system supply piping. **Connect the header sensor ONLY to the master boiler.** Install the header sensor in an immersion well. Locate the sensor where it will accurately sense the system water supply temperature. Connect the sensor leads to the electrical connection board as shown in Figure 8, page 10.
- Outdoor reset application** — To operate with outdoor reset, purchase and install an outdoor sensor. Mount the sensor such that it is shielded from direct sunlight if possible and not likely to be covered by snow drifts or debris. Connect the outdoor sensor leads to the master boiler's electrical connection board as shown in Figure 8, page 10. (Member boilers could have their own outdoor sensor if they will be operated in override mode by closing the Heat Demand terminals.)
- Return water temperature sensor** — The return water temperature sensor is optional, only needed if you want to automatically control the boiler postpurge pump cycle time. Install the sensor in a well in the boiler return piping. Connect the sensor leads to the electrical connection board as shown in Figure 8, page 10.

DHW wiring

- To operate the boiler for domestic water heating with a storage tank, install and pipe the tank according to the tank manufacturer's instructions and the recommended piping diagrams in this manual. Consult the factory for applications not covered.
- The circulator used for DHW must be operated by a circulator relay or zone controller that is activated when the tank aquastat calls for heat.
- Connect the tank aquastat terminals across the DHW DEMAND terminals on the master boiler's electrical connection board as shown in Figure 7, page 9. (Member boilers could be connected to tank aquastats if they are piped appropriately and intended to operate in override mode.)

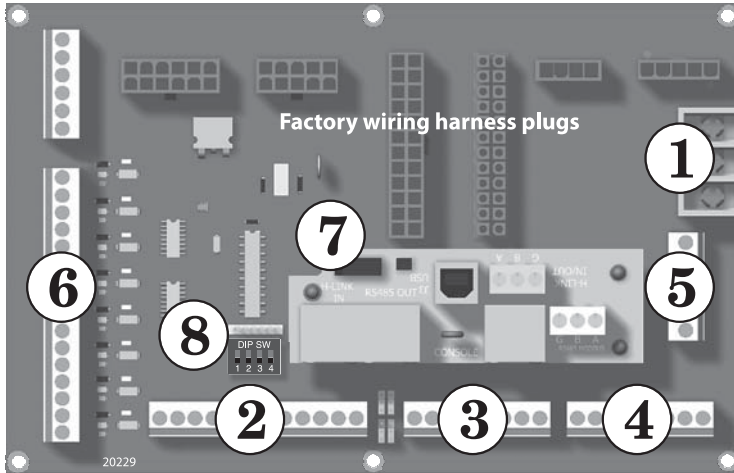
Figure 6 Indoor Air Reset wiring to IAR terminals with 4-wire zone valves and no zone controller (see Figure 7, page 9 for terminal block **6** location)



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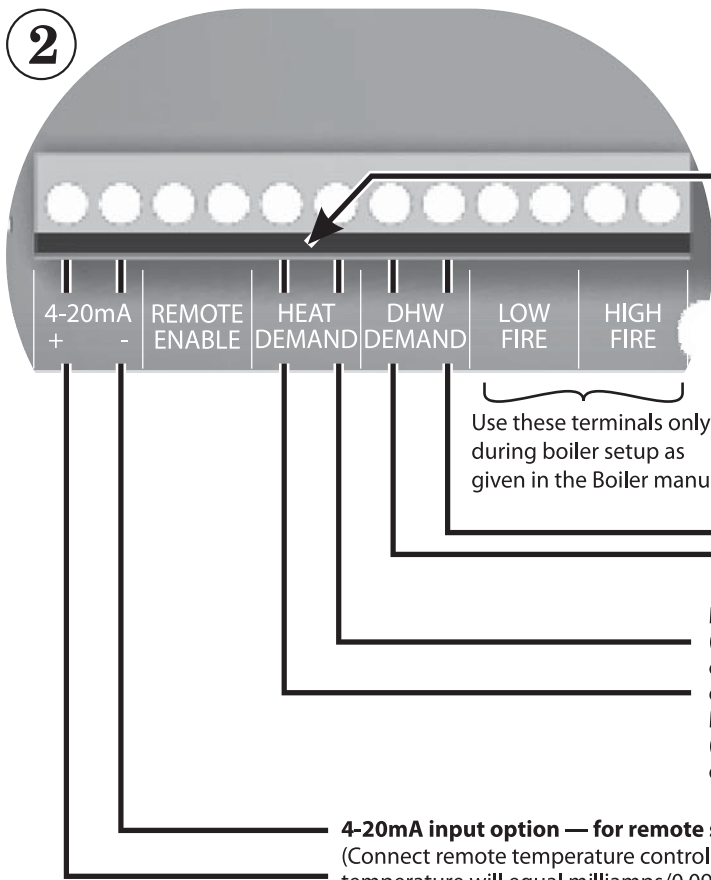
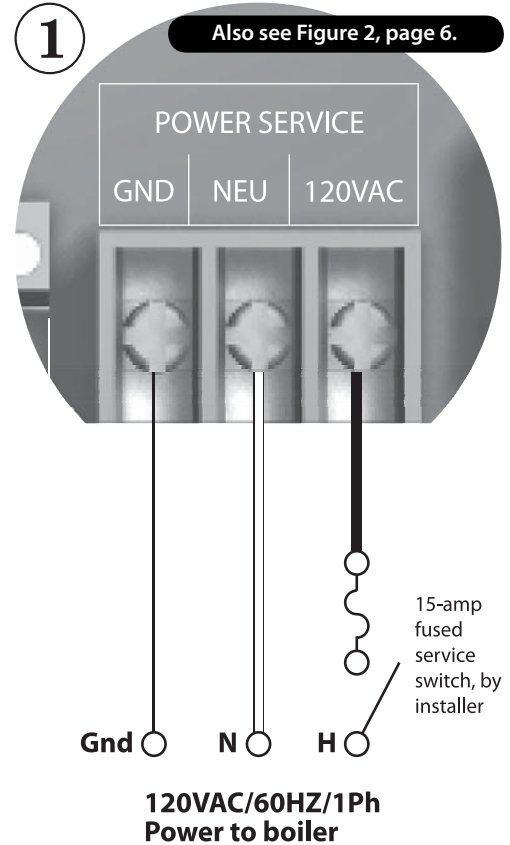
Method 1: HeatNet modulation – local control *(cont.)*

Figure 7 KN wiring summary — wiring to electrical connection board



Electrical connection board

(Located in center panel on boiler right side)



The boiler is shipped with a jumper across the HEAT DEMAND terminals. Remove this jumper when using a thermostat or other external control to start the boiler.

Use these terminals only during boiler setup as given in the Boiler manual

DHW tank aquastat, when used
(A DHW circulator and circulator relay will be required. Start the DHW circulator on call for heat from the tank aquastat.)

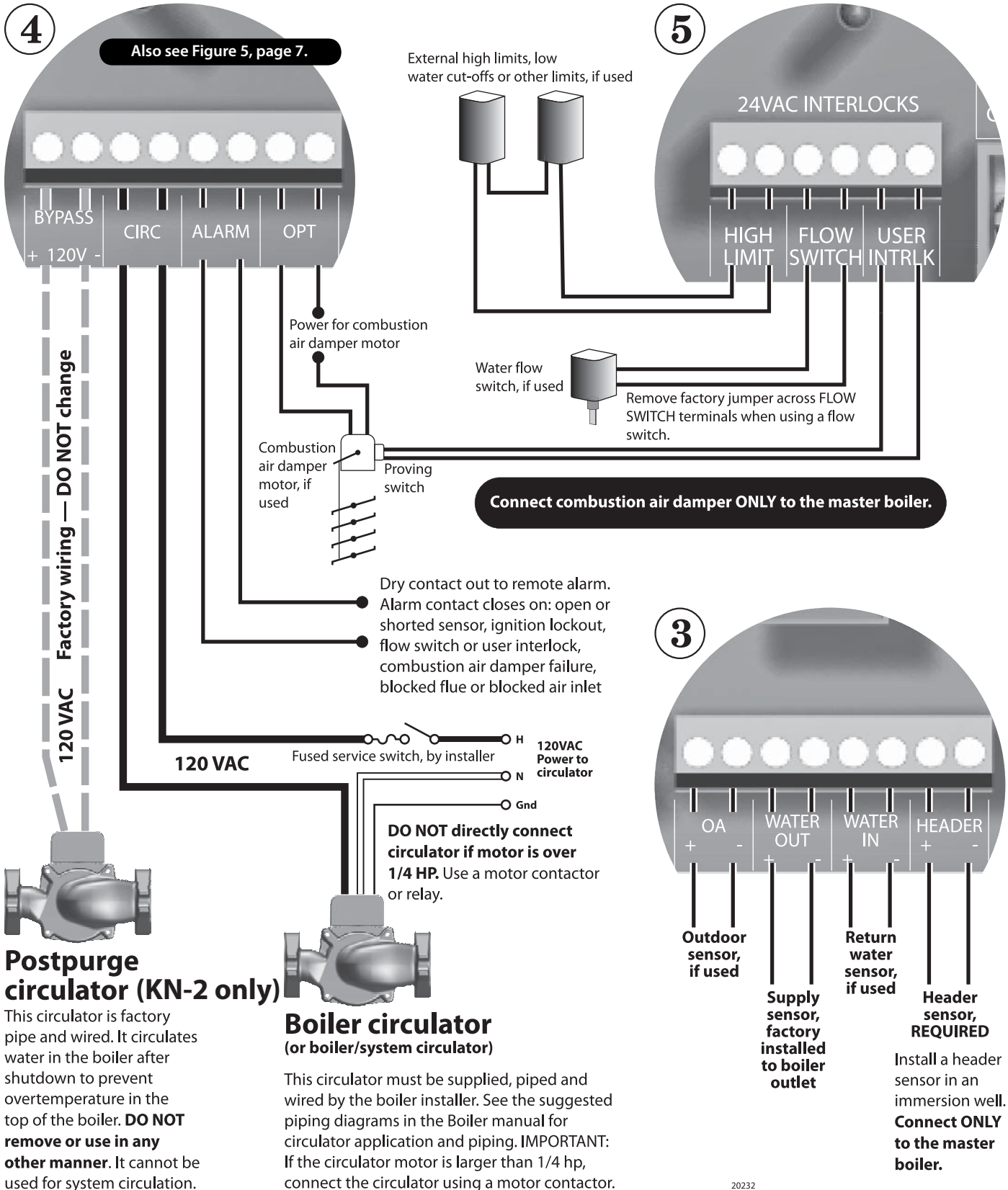
Master boiler: Room thermostats, end switches or relay contacts
(Connect thermostat, zone valve end switches, or remote start relay contact here. Test when done to ensure no stray voltage is present on any of the wires. See the Boiler manual for procedure.)

Member boiler: Connect override contacts only
(Individual boilers, if piped appropriately, can be activated for override operation, such as DHW heating or emergency space heating.)

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Method 1: HeatNet modulation – local control *(cont.)*

Figure 8 KN wiring summary — wiring to electrical connection board, continued (see Figure 7, page 9, for terminal strip locations)



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Method 1: HeatNet modulation – local control *(cont.)*

External interlocks

1. Wire external limits and flow switch, when used, as shown in Figure 8, page 10.
2. If wiring to and from a motorized combustion air damper, follow the guidelines given in Figure 8, page 10. Connect only to the master boiler.

CAUTION If any of the member boilers is to operate in override mode, and the system is equipped with a combustion air damper, you must provide special wiring in order to ensure the damper opens and proves when the boiler fires. This must be done without compromising the wiring between the master boiler and the damper.

Overrides — Control priorities

3. The KN control can provide override operation for any or all member boilers in a HeatNet network. This requires the boilers be piped with appropriate isolation piping and controls.
4. Override is done by closing a contact across the Heat Demand or DHW Demand terminals of any boiler. These priority inputs override all network controls or 4-20mA input controls to the boiler.
5. **DHW Demand** — The DHW Demand closure takes priority for ALL boilers, including the master and all members. When DHW Demand closes, the boiler or boilers immediately switch to DHW operation, including setting the water temperature to the DHW Setpoint.
6. **Space heating, Heat Demand** — If any member boiler sees closure across its Heat Demand terminals it will begin operation in space heating mode independently of commands from the master boiler or 4-20mA input source.

CAUTION Do not wire boilers for override operation unless the piping design provides automatic isolation of the overriding boilers. The master boiler would be unable to properly control system water temperature if member boilers were to input heat to the system without control from the master. DHW operation, in particular, would raise the supply temperature from overriding boilers to the DHW Setpoint.

NOTICE Override operation control setup — Boilers must be set up with operating parameters necessary during their override operation; i.e., local setpoint, DHW setpoint, etc.

7. Summary — priority sequence is:

Priority 1 = DHW Demand

Priority 2 = Heat Demand

Priority 3 = HeatNet input

Set termination DIP switches

1. The HeatNet network needs to recognize the beginning and end of the network. This requires setting the four DIP switches on each boiler's electrical connection board.
2. See Figure 9 for location of the switches.
3. See Table 1 for required settings. The table gives settings for HeatNet modulation — local control and for remote control from a building management system (Modbus protocol).
4. DO NOT connect the communications cables (or shielded wires) between boilers until all boilers have had parameters set and then been started up following all instructions in the KN Boiler manual.

Figure 9 Termination DIP switches (see item 7, Figure 7, page 9 for location)

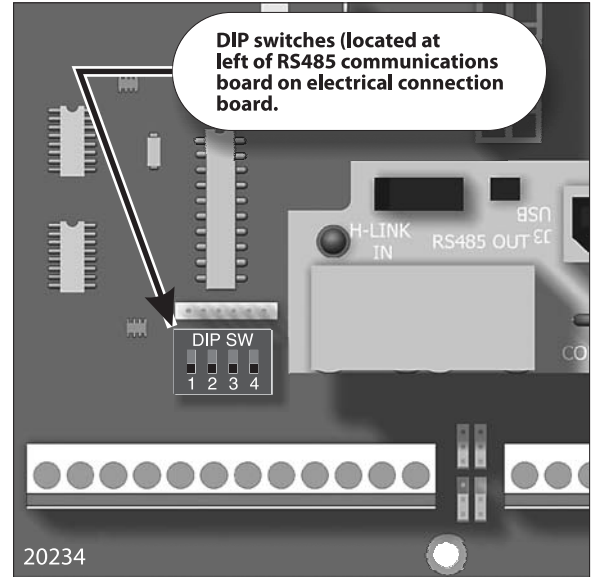


Table 1 Termination DIP switch settings

Boiler	HeatNet	Modbus (see note)
Master	Switch 1: ON Switch 2: ON Switch 3: OFF Switch 4: OFF	Switch 1: ON Switch 2: ON Switch 3: ON Switch 4: ON
Last member	Switch 1: ON Switch 2: ON Switch 3: OFF Switch 4: OFF	Switch 1: ON Switch 2: ON Switch 3: OFF Switch 4: OFF
Other members	Switch 1: OFF Switch 2: OFF Switch 3: OFF Switch 4: OFF	Switch 1: OFF Switch 2: OFF Switch 3: OFF Switch 4: OFF

Note: Modbus setup is for applications controlled by a building management system. For systems using BACnet or LonWorks, a bridge board is used to interface with the KN-2 control. The switch is "on" when in the down position and "off" when in the up position.

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Method 1: HeatNet modulation – local control *(cont.)*

WARNING Close the external manual gas valve on every boiler before proceeding. DO NOT open any gas valve, or attempt to fire any boiler, until the boilers have been set up and verified following the instructions in the KN Boiler manual.

Failure to comply could cause a boiler failure, leading to possible severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Set control parameters on keypads

NOTICE Before turning boilers on to set parameters, disconnect all call for heat wiring at the electrical connection boards. This will prevent the boiler for attempting to cycle during the setup process.

1. See “Control menus and adjustments,” beginning on page 22 for a complete list of control parameters and explanations.
2. Carefully read the parameter explanations in Table 8, page 25 through page 29.
3. When adjusting the limit band, operating limit (OP LIMIT), local setpoint (LOC SETPOINT) and DHW setpoint, make sure the operating temperature bands do not overlap or cause potential for nuisance cycling.
4. Indoor air reset — Use this option whenever possible. The indoor air technology monitors space heating demand to help the boiler operate at the highest possible efficiency throughout the season. To operate with IAR, you must wire to the IAR input terminals as described on page 18.
5. System clock — Set the system clock on all boilers to ensure the time stamps will be accurate in the data logs.
6. Turn on the power to each boiler and set the on/off switch to ON as you set its parameters.
7. Use the boiler's keypad to enter the parameters as described on page 22.
8. After setting a boiler's parameters, turn the power off to the boiler until you are ready to start the boiler up following the Boiler manual instructions.
9. Set the master boiler and each member boiler, following the guidelines given in Table 2.

Start up boilers per KN Boiler manual

1. Turn off power to all boilers.
2. Follow all instructions in the KN Boiler manual to start up each boiler and verify operation.

Connect network cables

WARNING Electrical shock hazard — Turn off power to each boiler before attempting to connect the network cables.

NOTICE Before turning boilers on to check network operation, disconnect all call for heat wiring at the electrical connection boards. This will prevent the boiler for attempting to cycle during the setup process.

Master boiler cable

1. Connect an RJ45 cable to the master boiler H-Link OUT block (item 2, Figure 10, page 13) or 3-wire shielded cable to the H-Link terminal strip (item 4, Figure 10, page 13). The other end of this cable will be attached to the first member boiler in following steps.

Table 2 Control parameters

Parameter	Master boiler	Member boiler (see notes)
HEAT BAND	Set on master boiler only	
LOC SETPOINT	Set	HD only ¹
SOURCE	Set	HD or DHW only ^{1,2}
DHW SETPOINT	Set if DHW will be used	DHW only ²
OP LIMIT	Set	Set
LIMIT BAND	Set	Set
IA RESET	ON if IAR is used, or set to OFF	Do not set
OA SHUTDOWN	Set ON if used or set to OFF	HDOA only ³
OA SETPOINT	Set if used	HDOA only ³
OA RESET	Set if used	HDOA only ³
OA SETPTS	Set if used	HDOA only ³
DELTA ENABLE	Set if used	Set if used
DELTA TEMP	Set if used	Set if used
PURGE TIME	Set if used	Set if used
ALWAYS ON	Set if used	Set if used
MASTER PUMP	Set if used	Do not set
NIGHT SETBACK	Set on master boiler only	
OPTIONS (all)	Set	Set
AUX FUNCTIONS	Set on master boiler only	
SYSTEM CLOCK	Set	Set
LOCAL ADD	Automatic	Set (beginning at 2)
CONSOLE ADD	Automatic	Set (beginning at 2)
MODULAR BOILER	Set on master boiler only	
MODULATION PID	Set on master boiler only	
FIRING MODE	Set on master boiler only	
SENSOR #	Set	HD/HDOA only ^{1,3}
TYPE	Set	HD/HDOA only ^{1,3}
CALIBRATE ?	On any boiler if required	
PASSWORD	Set	Set
COMMUNICATIONS	Set	Set
LOAD DEFAULTS	On any boiler if required	
SYSTEM	On any boiler if required	

Notes:

1 — HD Only means to set the parameter for a member boiler only if it is wired for Heat Demand override.

2 — DHW Only means to set the parameter for a member boiler only if it is wired for DHW Demand override.

3 — HDOA Only means to set these parameters only if the member boiler will be operated with outdoor reset when put in override mode with closure across its Heat Demand terminals (requires outdoor sensor connected to boiler).

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Method 1: HeatNet modulation – local control *(cont.)*

- Turn on power to the master boiler and set its on/off switch to ON.
- You should hear at least 2 beeps.
- The control's firmware version number will display.
- STANDBY SYS SET**
180°F

After the control's timer finishes, the display will show STANDBY and SYS SET. This verifies that the master boiler is setup correctly as the master. The same display will show on member boilers when there is a call for heat from the master boiler. When there is no call for heat at a member boiler, the display will show LOC SET instead.
- If the master is functioning correctly, the yellow LED's on the H-Link jack ports will blink. The blinking indicates that the master is trying to communicate with member boilers.
- If a FAULT message is displayed, clear the faults until the STANDBY message is displayed. Refer to troubleshooting suggestions at the end of this manual if you cannot resolve the issue.

Member boiler cables

- Begin with the first member boiler.
- Plug the other end of the master boiler's communications cable to the member boiler's input port (Figure 10, page 13, item 2 for RJ45 cable or item 4 for 3-wire cable).
- Connect cables to all of the member boilers by cabling from one to the next. Connect incoming cables to item 1 or 4, Figure 10, page 13. Connect outgoing cables to item 2 or 4. (Note that shielded cable wires will share terminals when using item 4.)

Check the network

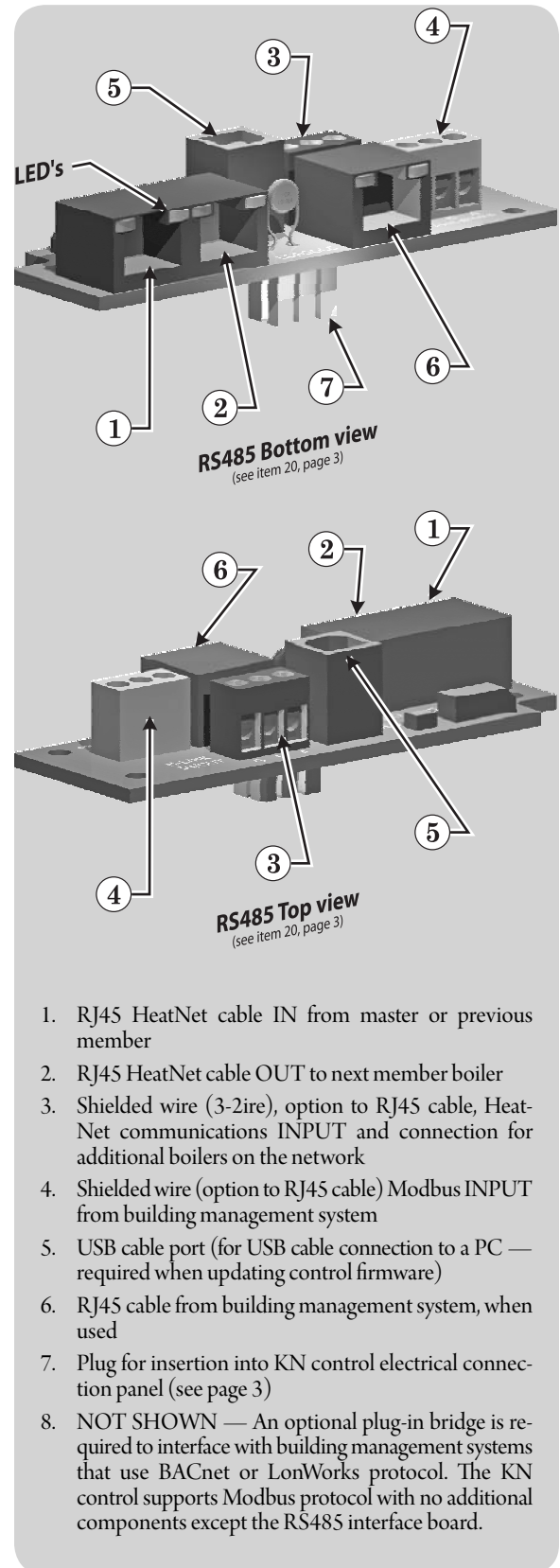
- Turn the power on and the on/off switch to ON for all of the member boilers.
- Allow time for each boiler to initialize.
- After about 30 seconds, the master boiler should recognize the member boilers.
- HEAT NET BOILERS**
123456789ABCDEF

Navigate to the BOILERS menu, then to HEAT NET BOILERS display. The master control will show the boilers it recognizes. Values from 10 to 15 will display as letters (10=A, 11=B, 12=C, 13=D, 14=E and 15=F).
- If the display shows a blank space, such as "123 _56789ABC," the control does not detect the missing boiler (boiler 4). Check the yellow LED on the communication port of the missing boiler.
- NORMAL connection — LED should flash steadily, about twice per second.
- TERMINATION incorrect — LED will flash rapidly and stay on.
- OPEN connection — LED does not flash at all.
- If a FAULT message is displayed, clear the faults until the STANDBY message is displayed. Refer to troubleshooting suggestions at the end of this manual if you cannot resolve the issue.

Start the system

- Turn off power to all boilers.
- Connect all call for heat wiring to the boilers.
- Turn on power to all boilers and turn the on/off switches to ON.
- The boilers should now operate normally, as described in the Boiler manual.
- The master boiler will sequence and modulate boilers as necessary to control the water temperature.
- The master boiler will show the number of boilers firing as well as the temperature and heat band display. Use the UP/DOWN keys to scroll through the displays to watch the process of starting and stopping boilers.

Figure 10 RS485 communications board



2

Method 2: HeatNet modulation – BMS control

Overview

1. This method uses an RS485 digital communications cable with the Modbus protocol to control a boiler or HeatNet network.
2. The boiler or boiler network will operate as in the HeatNet local control method (Section 1 of this manual). But, instead of the HEAT DEMAND input, a software form of the HEAT DEMAND input is used (address 40001 — Boiler/System Enable/Disable).
3. The System Setpoint Timer needs to be loaded periodically to allow the HeatNet system to revert to local control from the master boiler in the event communications is lost.
4. The Modbus protocol allows writing and reading registers using Modbus commands. An optional BACnet or LonWorks bridge module can be used to connect the Modbus network to a BACnet or LonWorks network.
5. This method allows enabling and disabling the boiler or HeatNet system; changing setpoints; and reading boiler status or temperatures remotely, using digital commands from a Building Management System.
6. The master boiler assumes the role of MEMBER, RTU, 192Kb, 8 bits, Even Parity, 1 stop bit, when connected to a BMS.
7. The Member Boilers should not be connected to a BMS system other than to view read-only addresses.

MODBUS registers

1. See Table 3, page 14; Table 4, page 14; and Table 5, page 15 for register requirements.
2. The system setpoint timer and system setpoint work in tandem to externally control the operating setpoint.
3. The setpoint (countdown) timer should be loaded with a timeout value (in seconds) prior to writing the system setpoint.
4. When the timer reaches zero, the control assumes that the BMS is no longer operating and the local setpoint (saved on the master control) is reloaded.
5. This is a fail-safe feature used to help safeguard the system in case of BMS failure.
6. If the setpoint timer is not written, a default timeout value of 60 seconds is assumed.
7. To write the system clock, registers 40009 – 40015 must first be loaded with the correct date and time. Then, a 1 must be written to register 16 to write the date and time to the system clock.

Table 3 Modbus holding (read/write) registers

Address	Data Type	Description	Valid Values/Range
40001	Unsigned	Boiler/System Enable/Disable	0 = Disabled/Off 1 = Enabled/On
40002	Unsigned	System Setpoint Timer (1)	0 – 65535 seconds
40003	Unsigned	System Setpoint (1)	40°F – 220 °F
40004	Unsigned	Outdoor Air Reset Enable/Disable	0 = Disabled/Off 1 = Enabled/On
40005	Unsigned	Outdoor Air Setpoint	40°F -100 °F
40006	Unsigned	Water Temperature at High Outside Air	60°F -150 °F
40007	Unsigned	High Outside Air Temperature	50°F -90 °F
40008	Unsigned	Water Temperature at Low Outside Air	70°F -220 °F
40009	Signed	Low Outside Air Temperature	-35°F -40 °F
40010	Unsigned	Set Clock – Month (2)	0 – 11
40011	Unsigned	Set Clock – Day of Month (2)	1 – 31
40012	Unsigned	Set Clock – Year (2)	0 – 99
40013	Unsigned	Set Clock – Hours (2)	0 – 23
40014	Unsigned	Set Clock – Minutes (2)	0 – 59
40015	Unsigned	Set Clock – Seconds (2)	0 – 59
40016	Unsigned	Set Clock – Day of Week (2)	1 – Monday 7 – Sunday
40017	Unsigned	Set Clock – After the Set Clock Registers listed above have been written, a 1 must be written to this location to set the clock. (2)	1

Table 4 Boiler status flags

Bit	Description	Bit	Description
0	Disabled	16	Pilot Valve
1	Local Override	17	Blower
2	Alarm	18	Ignition Alarm
3	Failed	19	Valve Alarm
4	Member Error	20	High Limit
5	Boiler Running	21	Air Prove Switch
6	Pump Running	22	XS Factory
7	Spare 3 Interlock	23	Software Operator
8	LWCO Interlock	24	Header Sensor not Present
9	VFD Interlock	25	Supply Sensor not Present
10	Gas Prove	26	Return Sensor not Present
11	Spare 4	27	Outside Air Sensor not Present
12	Operator Interlock	28	— —
13	Water Prove (Flow) Interlock	29	— —
14	Air Prove UV Sensor Interlock	30	Master Boiler
15	Main Valve	31	Present (Boiler Detected)

2

Method 2: HeatNet modulation – BMS control *(cont.)*

BACnet or LonWorks protocols

1. Install the correct bridge to adapt to building management systems using BACnet or LonWorks protocols.
2. The bridge translates the BACnet or LonWorks input to the Modbus protocol for compatibility with the HeatNet controls.

Wiring and set-up

1. Wire and set up the master boiler and member boilers exactly as for HeatNet modulation — local control applications. See page 6 through page 13.
2. ALL control parameters must be set up just as for the local control method.
3. The ONLY difference in setup is the termination DIP switch settings. Use the settings for Modbus communications given in Table 1, page 11.
4. Connect communications cables (RJ45 or shield-wire cables) between the control communications boards as for the local control method.
5. Verify network operation BEFORE connecting the building management system.

Connect the BMS cable

1. DO NOT connect the building management system cable until the boiler network has been proven to operate independently. The system is designed to revert to local control by the master boiler should communications with the building management system be lost.
2. Turn off power to the master boiler.
3. See Figure 10, page 13. Connect an RJ45 cable to the BMS input port, item 6. Or use shielded wire cable, connected to terminal block, item 3.

Verify BMS/HeatNet operation

1. Turn on power to the master boiler.
2. Allow the master boiler to initialize.
3. Verify operation with the building management system.

Table 5 Modbus input (read-only) registers

Address	Data Type	Description	Valid Values/Range
30001	Unsigned	Boilers Running	0 – 16
30002	Unsigned	Modulation (% BTU Load)	0 – 100
30003	Signed	Header / System Temperature	32 – 250 °F
30004	Signed	Supply Temperature	32 – 250 °F
30005	Signed	Return Temperature	32 – 250 °F
30006	Signed	Outside Air Temperature	-40 – 250 °F
30007	Signed	Spare Input 1	-32768 to 32767
30008	Signed	Spare Input 2	-32768 to 32767
30009	Unsigned	Clock – Month	0 – 11
30010	Unsigned	Clock – Day	1 – 31
30011	Unsigned	Clock – Year	0 – 99
30012	Unsigned	Clock – Hours	0 – 23
30013	Unsigned	Clock – Minutes	0 – 59
30014	Unsigned	Clock – Seconds	0 – 59
30015	Unsigned	Clock – Day of Week	1 – Monday 7 – Sunday
30016 – 30047	Unsigned	Boilers 1 – 16 status flag (32-bit) registers. The upper 16-bits of each 32-bit register is stored at odd numbered addresses 30016 – 30046. The lower 16-bits of each 32-bit register is stored at even numbered addresses 30017 – 30047.	See the Boiler Status Flags Table Below
30048 – 30079	Unsigned	Boilers 1 – 16 runtime (32-bit) registers. The upper 16-bits of each 32-bit register is stored at odd numbered addresses 30048 – 30078. The lower 16-bits of each 32-bit register is stored at even numbered addresses 30049 – 30079. When the upper and lower registers are combined they form a 32-bit unsigned integer that is the number of seconds that the boiler has been running. For instance: (((Register 29) * 65536) + Register 30) = Boiler 1 runtime in seconds. Boiler 1 is the master boiler. Boilers 2 – 16 are member boilers.	0 – 4294967295 seconds

3

Method 3: External 4-20ma control

WARNING **Electrical shock hazard** — Disconnect all electrical power sources to the boiler before making any electrical connections.

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation! Verify proper operation after servicing.

Failure to comply with the above could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

NOTICE The electrical connections to this boiler must be made in accordance with all applicable local codes and the latest revision of the National Electrical Code, ANSI /NFPA-70. Installation should also conform to CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part I if installed in Canada. Install a separate 120 volt 15 amp circuit for the boiler. A properly rated shut-off switch should be located at the boiler. The boiler must be grounded in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction, or if none, the latest revision of the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA-70.

Line voltage field wiring of any controls or other devices must use copper conductors with a minimum size of #14 awg. Use appropriate wiring materials for units installed outdoors.

Figure 11 Electrical connection board (see item 10, page 3 for location — Also see the wiring summary illustrations on the next pages)

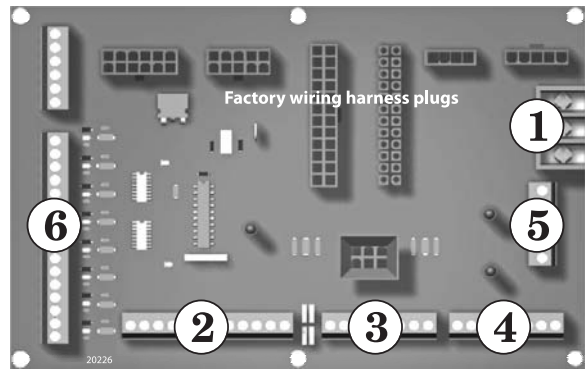
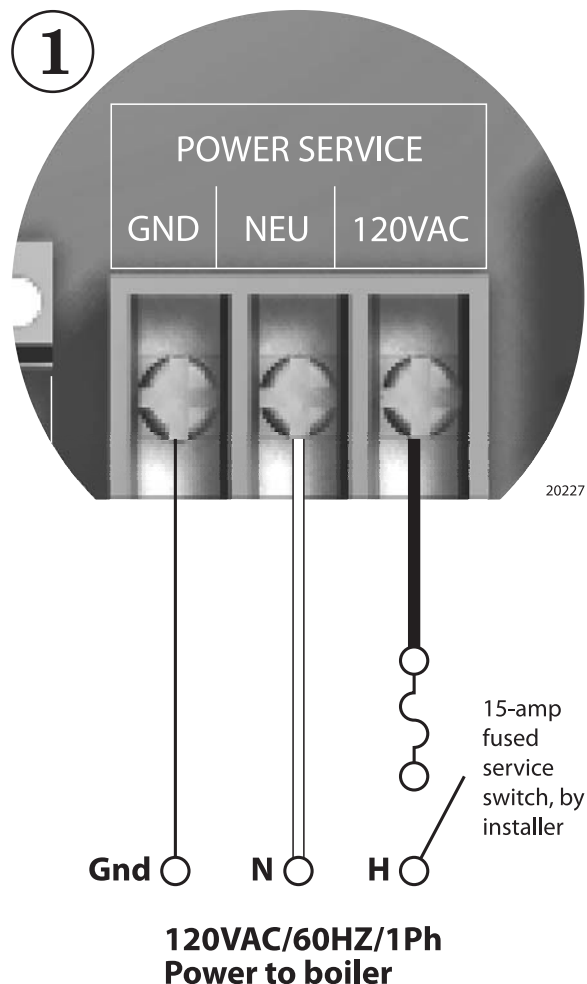


Figure 12 120VAC power service terminals on electrical connection board — See Figure 15 for location of the power terminal strip



Overview — control setup sequence

CAUTION **Follow the Boiler manual** — Install the boilers according to the KN Boiler manual before attempting to set up the control system.

1. This method can be used for from 1 to 5 boilers.
2. Install all boilers per the Boiler manual.
3. Close the external gas valve on every boiler.
4. Wire all boilers following the guidelines in this section.
5. DO NOT install a header sensor on any of the boilers.
6. Disconnect the wires to the boilers' Remote Enable terminals (and any override wiring to Heat Demand or DHW Demand terminals) to ensure there will be no call for heat while proceeding.
7. Set the boilers' control parameters using their display/keypads.
8. Follow the instructions in the Boiler manual to start up each boiler before proceeding further.
9. Finish by reconnecting call for heat wiring, then operating the complete system to verify operation in all modes.

Connect 4-20mA wiring

1. See Figure 16, page 19 for wiring from the 4-20mA controller. The control must provide the 4-20mA signal and a contact for each boiler to enable its operation by closing across the Remote Enable contact.

Power supply (120 VAC)

1. See Figure 11 and Figure 12.
2. Connect minimum 14awg copper wire to the power connection as shown in Figure 12.
3. Install a fused service switch, mounted and installed in accordance with all applicable codes.

3

Method 3: External 4-20ma control *(continued)*

4-20mA operation

1. A 4.02 mA current signal will start the boiler, at low fire. A 20mA signal will cause the boiler to go to full input.
2. Between these input signal limits, the boiler modulates. The boiler firing rate percentage is equal to the percentage of the signal between 0 and 20 mA. Example, a signal of 12 mA is 60% of 20 mA, so the boiler firing rate would be 60% of max.
3. In addition to the 4-20mA signal, the remote controller must also close a contact across each boiler's Remote Enable contact in order for the boiler to fire.
4. See Figure 16, page 19 for wiring. Notice that the boiler 4-20mA terminals are wired in series.

IAR (Indoor Air Reset) wiring — apply ONLY if using space heating override mode

- IAR can only be used if one or more of the boilers is wired and piped for override operation. Override would occur when a contact closed across the Heat Demand terminals. While this contact is closed, the boiler will operate based on local control, including feedback for IAR if wired.
- If override operation will be used, and you want to operate with IAR when in override mode, follow the instructions under Method 1 in this manual to wire for IAR.

Sensor wiring

- **Header sensor cannot be used when the boilers are configured for remote operation by a 24-mA source.**
- **Outdoor reset application can be done only in override mode** — To operate with outdoor reset, purchase and install an outdoor sensor. Mount the sensor such that it is shielded from direct sunlight if possible and not likely to be covered by snow drifts or debris. Connect the outdoor sensor leads to the master boiler's electrical connection board as shown in Figure 8, page 10. (Member boilers could have their own outdoor sensor if they will be operated in override mode by closing the Heat Demand terminals.)
- **Return water temperature sensor** — The return water temperature sensor is optional, only needed if you want to automatically control the boiler postpurge pump cycle time. Install the sensor in a well in the boiler return piping. Connect the sensor leads to the electrical connection board as shown in Figure 8, page 10. Each boiler requires a return water temperature sensor.

DHW wiring — ONLY if using DHW override mode

- **The boiler (or boilers) must be piped with isolation valves and wired for override operation.** Override of the 4-20mA input will occur if a contact closes across the boiler's DHW Demand terminals.

- To operate the boiler for domestic water heating with a storage tank, install and pipe the tank according to the tank manufacturer's instructions and the recommended piping diagrams in this manual. Consult the factory for applications not covered.
- The circulator used for DHW must be operated by a circulator relay or zone controller that is activated when the tank aquastat calls for heat.
- Connect the tank aquastat terminals across the DHW DEMAND terminals on the master boiler's electrical connection board as shown in Figure 7, page 9. (Member boilers could be connected to tank aquastats if they are piped appropriately and intended to operate in override mode.) External interlocks
- 5. Wire external limits and flow switch, when used, as shown in Figure 17, page 20.
- 6. The combustion air interlocks cannot be used when operating with a 24-mA remote control. Combustion air damper control must be done by the remote control system.

Overrides — Control priorities

1. The KN control can provide override operation for any or all member boilers. This requires the boilers be piped with appropriate isolation piping and controls.
2. Override is done by closing a contact across the Heat Demand or DHW Demand terminals of any boiler. These priority inputs override all 4-20mA input controls to the boiler.
3. **DHW Demand** — The DHW Demand closure takes priority for ALL boilers, including the master and all members. When DHW Demand closes, the boiler or boilers immediately switch to DHW operation, including setting the water temperature to the DHW Setpoint.
4. **Space heating, Heat Demand** — If any member boiler sees closure across its Heat Demand terminals it will begin operation in space heating mode independently of commands from the 4-20mA input source.

CAUTION Do not wire boilers for override operation unless the piping design provides automatic isolation of the overriding boilers.

NOTICE Override operation control setup — Boilers must be set up with operating parameters necessary during their override operation; i.e., local setpoint, DHW setpoint, etc.

5. Summary — priority sequence is:

Priority 1 = DHW Demand

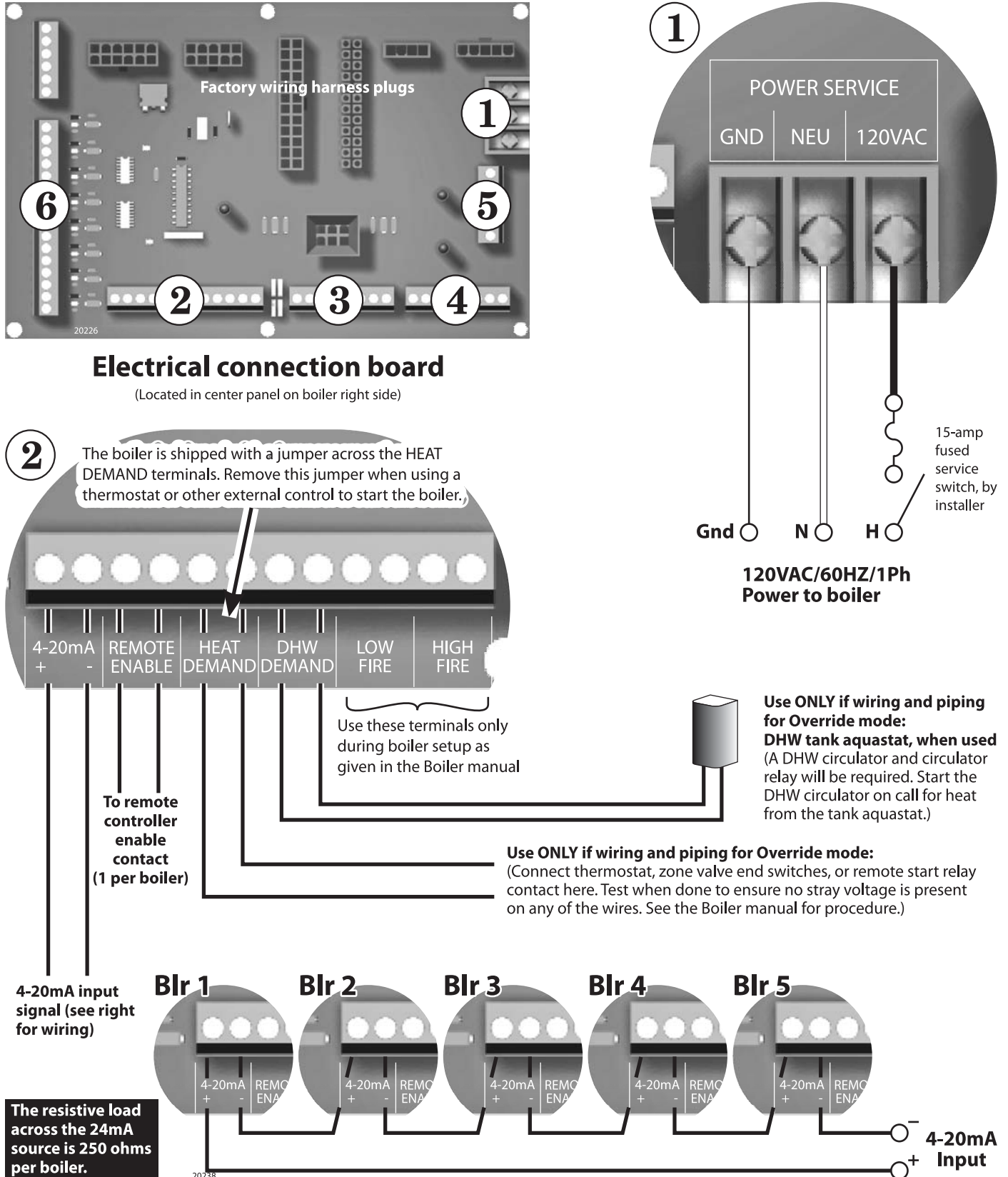
Priority 2 = Heat Demand

Priority 3 = 4-20mA Input/Enable

3

Method 3: External 4-20ma control *(continued)*

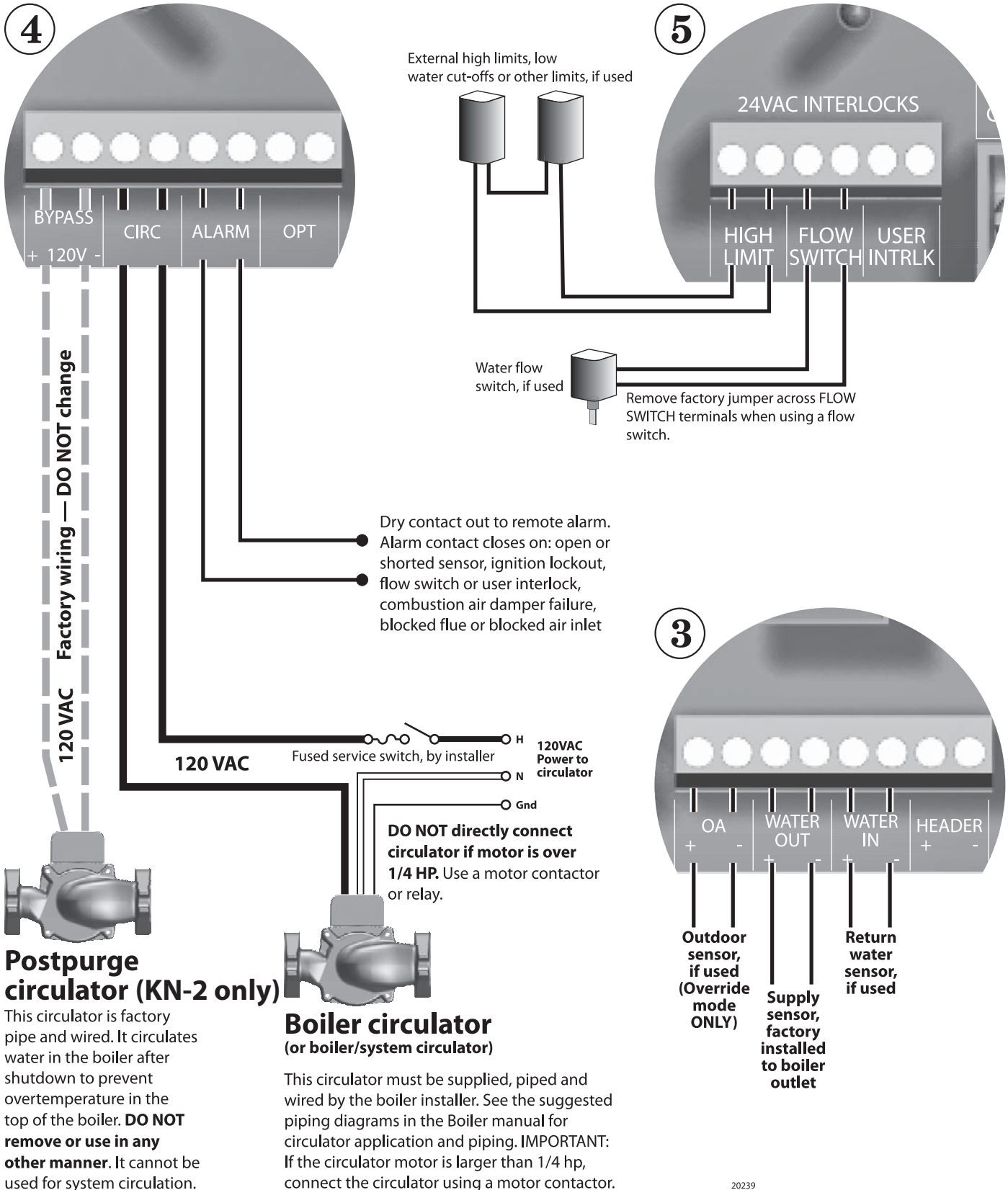
Figure 16 KN wiring summary — wiring to electrical connection board



3

Method 3: External 4-20ma control *(continued)*

Figure 17 KN wiring summary — wiring to electrical connection board, continued (see Figure 7, page 9, for terminal strip locations)



20239

3

Method 3: External 4-20ma control *(continued)*

WARNING Close the external manual gas valve on every boiler before proceeding. DO NOT open any gas valve, or attempt to fire any boiler, until the boilers have been set up and verified following the instructions in the KN Boiler manual.

Failure to comply could cause a boiler failure, leading to possible severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Set control parameters on keypads

NOTICE Before turning boilers on to set parameters, disconnect all call for heat wiring at the electrical connection boards, including the wiring to the boilers' Remote Enable terminals. This will prevent the boiler for attempting to cycle during the setup process.

1. See "Control menus and adjustments," beginning on page 22 for a complete list of control parameters and explanations.
2. Carefully read the parameter explanations in Table 8, page 25 through page 29.
3. When adjusting the limit band, operating limit (OP LIMIT), local setpoint (LOC SETPOINT) and DHW setpoint, make sure the operating temperature bands do not overlap or cause potential for nuisance cycling.
4. System clock — Set the system clock on all boilers to ensure the time stamps will be accurate in the data logs.
5. Turn on the power to each boiler and set the on/off switch to ON as you set its parameters.
6. Use the boiler's keypad to enter the parameters as described on page 22.
7. After setting a boiler's parameters, turn the power off to the boiler until you are ready to start the boiler up following the Boiler manual instructions.

Start up boilers per KN Boiler manual

1. Turn off power to all boilers.
2. Follow all instructions in the KN Boiler manual to start up each boiler and verify operation.

Start the system

1. Turn off power to all boilers.
2. Connect all call for heat wiring to the boilers.
3. Turn on power to all boilers and turn the on/off switches to ON.
4. The boilers should now operate normally, as described in the Boiler manual.
5. The remote 4-20mA controller will sequence and modulate boilers as necessary to control the water temperature.

Table 6 Control parameters

Parameter	When to set (see notes)
HEAT BAND	Set
LOC SETPOINT	HD only ¹
SOURCE	HD only ¹
DHW SETPOINT	DHW only ²
OP LIMIT	Set
LIMIT BAND	Set
IA RESET	HD only ¹
OA SHUTDOWN	HD or HDOA only ^{1,3}
OA SETPOINT	HD or HDOA only ^{1,3}
OA RESET	HDOA only ³
OA SETPTS	HDOA only ³
DELTA ENABLE	Set if used
DELTA TEMP	Set if used
PURGE TIME	Set if used
ALWAYS ON	Set if used
MASTER PUMP	Set as required
NIGHT SETBACK	HD only ¹
OPTIONS (all)	Set
AUX FUNCTIONS	DO NOT use
SYSTEM CLOCK	Set
LOCAL ADD	DO NOT use
CONSOLE ADD	DO NOT use
MODULAR BOILER	DO NOT use
MODULATION PID	DO NOT use
FIRING MODE	DO NOT use
SENSOR #	HD/HDOA only ^{1,3}
TYPE	HD/HDOA only ^{1,3}
CALIBRATE ?	Only as required
PASSWORD	Set
COMMUNICATIONS	Only as required
LOAD DEFAULTS	Only as required
SYSTEM	Only as required

Notes:

1 — HD Only means to set the parameter for a member boiler only if it is wired for Heat Demand override.

2 — DHW Only means to set the parameter for a member boiler only if it is wired for DHW Demand override.

3 — HDOA Only means to set these parameters only if the member boiler will be operated with outdoor reset when put in override mode with closure across its Heat Demand terminals (requires outdoor sensor connected to boiler).

4

Control menus and adjustments

The Heat Net control display

Starting the display

1. Check all wiring to make sure it is complete and all wires are securely connected.
2. Verify that the HEAT DEMAND and DHW DEMAND wires are removed.
3. Close the external gas valve on every boiler.
4. Turn on power to the boiler and then turn the boiler on/off switch ON.
5. The control will beep at least twice and the display will show the first STANDBY display in Figure 18. Note that pushing the DOWN button on the keypad will change the right side of the display as shown, providing information on various setpoints and parameters.
6. The display, LOC SET, means the setpoint temperature. Figure 18 shows the factory default values.

Accessing setup menus

1. With the display in STANDBY, press and hold the BACK key for 5 seconds.
2. The display will change to:

```
> SETUP
VIEW LOG
```

3. Press the SELECT key to select setup. (Note that pressing the DOWN key would change the selection to VIEW LOG.)
4. The display will now show the first options in the setup menus:

```
> KN U XX
BOILERS
```

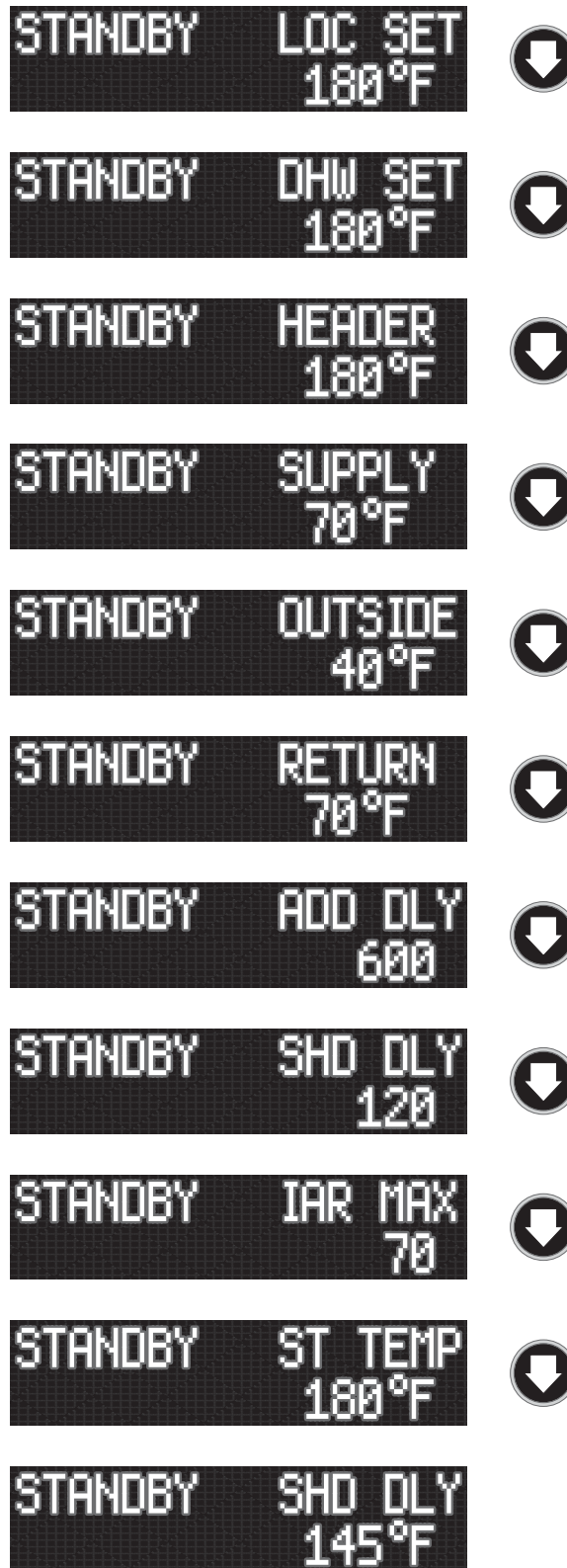
5. Press the DOWN key to access additional menu options. Pressing the DOWN button once will change the display to:

```
KN U XX
> BOILERS
```

6. The cursor moves to the second line, indicating this option could now be selected with the SELECT key.
7. Continuing to press the DOWN key will access these menu options:

- **BOILERS**
- **SETPOINTS**
- **INDOOR AIR**
- **PUMP OPTIONS**
- **NIGHT SETBACK**
- **OPTIONS**
- **LOG/RUNTIME**
- **AUX FUNCTIONS**
- **SYSTEM CLOCK**
- **ADVANCED SETUP**


Figure 18 Heat Net display during Standby (no call for heat) — pressing the DOWN key on the keypad changes the display as shown
















4

Control menus and adjustments *(continued)***Table 7** Setup menus (see Table 8, page 25 for explanations)

To enter Setup: From STANDBY, hold  for 5 seconds. Then press  with cursor on SETUP. Make sure there is no call for heat at the boiler before attempting to perform setup adjustments.





To return to STANDBY, press/release  until the display returns to standby, or turn boiler ON/OFF switch off, then on.

Level 1  next item  to select	Level 2  next item  to select  back one level	Level 3  next item  to select  back one level	Level 4  next item  to select  back one level	Default {Range}  to change value  to accept value and return to previous menu level	Typical line (Display shows two lines at a time; cursor indicates active line)	
KN-2 V.X.X				Shows firmware version number	KN-2 V.1.0	
BOILERS	# BOILERS			1 {1 to 16} — display only	# BOILERS 1	
	LEAD BOILER			1 — display only — the lead boiler is the boiler with a HEADER sensor connected	LEAD BOILER 1	
	HEAT BAND			30 °F {10 to 50°F}	HEAT BAND 30°F	
	HEAT NET BOILERS 123456789ABCDEFG			Display only — shows 1 through the number of boilers on the network	HEAT NET BOILERS 123456	
SETPOINTS	LOC SETPT			180°F {140 to 180°F}	LOC SETPT 180°F	
	SOURCE			AUTO {AUTO, 4-20MA}	SOURCE AUTO	
	DHW SETPT			180°F {140 to 180°F}	DHW SETPT 180°F	
	OP LIMIT			205°F {145 to 205°F}	OP LIMIT 215°F	
	LIMIT BAND			10°F {1 to 50°F}	LIMIT BAND 20°F	
INDOOR AIR	IA RESET			OFF {ON or OFF}	IA RESET OFF	
	AVG TIME			60 MIN {30 to 120 minutes}	AVG TIME 60MIN	
	SET IAR SETPTS	DELTA TEMP @ HI IAR%			10°F {10 to 20°F} 70% {40 to 70%}	DELTA TEMP 10°F @ HI IAR% 70%
		DELTA TEMP @ LO IAR%			20°F {10 to 20°F} 40% {40 to 70%}	DELTA TEMP 20°F @ LO IAR% 40%
	VIEW IAR VALUES			Display only, not changeable here — shows values for 8 zones	70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	
OUTDOOR AIR	OA SHUTDOWN			OFF {ON or OFF}	OA SHUTDOWN OFF	
	OA SETPT			68°F {40 to 100°F}	OA SETPT 68°F	
	OA RESET			OFF {ON or OFF}	OA RESET OFF	
	SET OA SETPTS	LOW WATER @ HI OA			140°F {60 to 150°F} 70°F {50 to 90°F}	LOW WATER 140°F @ HI OA 70°F
		HI WATER @ LOW OA			180°F {70 to 180°F} 10°F {-35 to +40°F}	HI WATER 180°F @ LOW OA 10°F
PUMP OPTIONS	DELTA ENAB			OFF {ON or OFF}	DELTA ENAB OFF	
	DELTA TEMP			10°F {10 to 50°F}	DELTA TEMP 10°F	
	PURGE TIME			0 seconds {0 to 255 seconds}	PURGE TIME 120s	
	ALWAYS ON			NO {YES or NO}	ALWAYS ON NO	
	MASTER PUMP			OFF {ON or OFF}	MASTER PUMP OFF	
NIGHT SETBACK	SETBACK # X			1 {1 through 4}	SETBACK # 2	
	ENTRY IS OFF	SETBACK			20°F {0 to 50°F}	ENTRY IS OFF
		ST DAY			SUN {SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT}	ST DAY THU
		ST TIME			12:00AM	ST TIME 3:00PM
		ENDDAY			SUN {SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT}	ENDDAY SAT
		ENDTIME			12:00AM	ENDTIME 10:00PM
OPTIONS	TEMP SCALE			°F {°F or °C}	TEMP SCALE °F	
	KEY CLICK			ON {ON or OFF}	KEY CLICK ON	
	SKIP PASSW			ON {ON or OFF}	SKIP PASSW ON	
	BRIGHTNESS			50% {12, 25, 37, 50, 62, 75, 87, 100%}	BRIGHTNESS 50%	

4

Control menus and adjustments (continued)

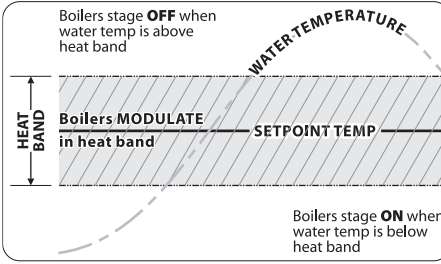
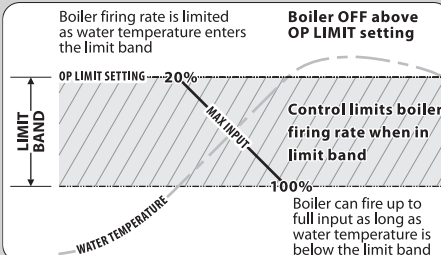
Table 7 Setup menus (see Table 8, page 25 for explanations) (continued)

LOG/RUNTIME	RUN HRS		Total time gas valve has been open	RUN HRS 1240	
	LOG ENTRY		Current entry in the log (see Table 9, page 30)	LOG ENTRY 327	
	SIZE		The size of the data log	SI ZE 1000	
	BOILER CYC		Number of times gas valve has been cycled on/off	BOILER CYC 5021	
AUX FUNCTIONS	COMB AIR DAMPER IN USE?		YES {YES or NO}	COMB AIR DAMPER IN USE? YES	
	USE RELAY #		OPT	USE RELAY # OPT	
	PROOF TIME		2:00 (2 min, 0 sec) {0 to 4 minutes}	PROOF TIME 2:00	
	DHW PROTECTION IN USE?		NO {YES or NO}	DHW PROTECTION IN USE? NO	
SYSTEM CLOCK	TIME		12:00AM	TIME 12:00AM	
	DAY OF WEEK		SUN	DAY OF WEEK MON	
	MONTH		SEP	MONTH JAN	
	DAY		12	DAY FRI	
	YEAR		2007	YEAR 2007	
ADVANCED SETUP	DISTRIB CTRL	CONTROL	HNET	CONTROL HNET	
		HNET MASTER	YES (Display only, not changeable here)	HNET MASTER YES	
		LOCAL ADD	Master default = 255 (not changeable) Member default = 2 (Range = 2 to 16)	LOCAL ADD 255	
		CONSOLE ADD	Default = 1; Range = 1 to 247	CONSOLE ADD 255	
	MODULAR BOILER	ADD BOILER DLY		10 minutes {0 to 15 minutes}	10 MINUTES > 0 SECONDS
		SHED BOILER DLY		2 minutes {0 to 15 minutes}	2 MINUTES > 0 SECONDS
		MOD DELAY TIME		10 seconds {0 to 60 minutes}	0 MINUTES > 10 SECONDS
		MOD MAX - LAST		50% {25 to 100%}	STOP MOD MAX > % 50
		STOP BAND OFFSET		5°F {0 to 50°F}	EARLY STOP > 5°
		BLR START TIME		50 seconds {0 to 4 minutes}	0 MINUTES > 30 SECONDS
		MODULATION PID	(P)ROPOR =		100 {0 to 100}
	(I)NTEGRAL =			10 {0 to 100}	(I)NTEGRAL = 10
	(D)ERIVAT =			10 {0 to 100}	(D)ERIVAT = 10
	BAND			100°F {40 to 18 0°F}	BAND 100°F
	FIRING MODE	ROTATION		TRUE {True, FOFO, LOFO}	ROTATION TRUE
		MASTER 1ST		OFF	MASTER 1ST OFF
	SENSORS	SENSOR#		OUTSIDE	SENSOR# SUPPLY
		TYPE		TYPEZ {TYPEZ, None, ON/OFF}	TYPE TYPEZ
		CALIBRATE ?		NO {YES or NO}	CALIBRATE ? NO
	PASSWORD	CHANGE PASSWORD OLD:>? _____		Press  enter old password using arrow keys and  for each character	CHANGE PASSWORD OLD->? _____
		CHANGE PASSWORD NEW:>? _____		Press  enter new password using arrow keys and  for each character	CHANGE PASSWORD NEW->? _____
		ACCEPT >		YES / YES or NO	CHANGE PASSWORD ACCEPT >YES
	COMMUNICATIONS	BAUD		19200	BAUD 19200
		PARITY		EVEN {EVEN or ODD}	PARITY EVEN
		MODEM		NO {YES or NO}	MODEM NO
	LOAD DEFAULTS	FACTORY CAL?		NO {YES or NO}	FACTORY CAL? NO
			ARE YOU SURE>	NO {YES or NO}	ARE YOU SURE> NO
		FACTORY SET?		NO {YES or NO}	FACTORY SET? NO
			ARE YOU SURE>	NO {YES or NO}	ARE YOU SURE> NO
	SYSTEM	UPDATE CTRL?	ARE YOU SURE>	NO {YES or NO}	UPDATE CTRL?

4

Control menus and adjustments *(continued)*

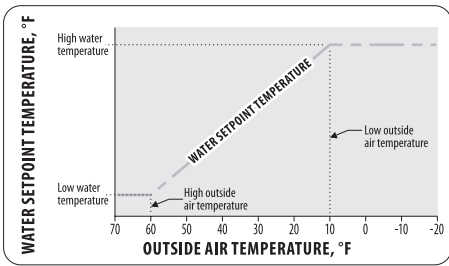
Table 8 Setup menus — parameter explanations

Menu item	Under ...	Explanation
HEAT BAND	BOILERS	 <p>The heat band is the height of the modulating band. When the water temperature is between $\frac{1}{2}$ the heat band above or below the setpoint temperature, boiler firing rate modulates. Boilers are at minimum input at the upper end of the band and maximum input at the lower end of the band. Boilers come on only if the water temperature is below the band. Boilers stage off when the water temperature is above the band.</p>
LOC SETPT	SETPOINTS	<p>Setpoint temperature controlled by the KN control.</p> <p>NOTE: If the control is operated by a Master control or by a remote control (building management system, 4-20ma control, etc.), this setpoint temperature only comes into play when the KN-2 control is in override mode (such as by closing its Heat Demand or DHW Demand terminals).</p>
SOURCE	SETPOINTS	<p>Specifies where the space heating setpoint temperature comes from:</p> <p>AUTO means the KN control determines the setpoint (using local setpoint, outdoor reset or header temperature setpoint).</p> <p>The option is "4-20ma." If 4-20 ma is selected, the KN control determines setpoint based on the signal it receives at the 4-20ma terminals on the connection board. The setpoint temperature ($^{\circ}\text{F}$) equals the signal current (ma) divided by 0.09; example, a signal of 10ma will cause a setpoint of $10/0.09 = 110^{\circ}\text{F}$.</p>
DHW SETPT	SETPOINTS	<p>This is the setpoint temperature for the boiler outlet water (or header water temperature) when the DHW Demand terminals see a closed contact (DHW tank temperature control calls for heat, for example).</p>
OP LIMIT	SETPOINTS	<p>This is the temperature at the boiler outlet (or header sensor) that will cause the control to shut down on high temperature limit. It must be high enough above the upper end of the heat band to avoid nuisance cycling.</p> <p>The maximum setting is 205°F.</p> <p>Example: If the boiler setpoint is 180°F, and the heat band is 30°F, the upper end of the heat band is $180 + 30/2 = 195^{\circ}\text{F}$. The limit band (see below) must be set at 10°F so the OP LIMIT setting can be: $195 + 10 = 205^{\circ}\text{F}$ (maximum allowable setting).</p> <p>The operating limit setting (OP LIMIT) always limits boiler outlet water temperature, regardless of how the boiler is controlled (HeatNet member, 4-20ma control or stand-alone). The limit band (see below) determines when the boiler begins to be forced to reduce input as the outlet temperature rises toward the limit setting.</p>
LIMIT BAND	SETPOINTS	 <p>If the boiler outlet water temperature rises toward the limit setting (OP LIMIT, above), the KN control will begin to reduce the boiler's firing rate when the temperature gets within the LIMIT BAND degrees F below the operating limit setting. At the lower end of the limit band, the boiler can fire up to maximum input (100%). By the time the temperature reaches the upper end of the band (the OP LIMIT setting), the boiler is limited to minimum input (20%).</p> <p>The limit band reduces the likelihood of short cycling on boilers controlled by a master control or a remote control by reducing boiler maximum allowable firing rate as the temperature rises toward the limit setting. Make sure the lower end of the limit band is above the upper end of the heat band.</p>

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Control menus and adjustments *(continued)*

Table 8 Setup menus — parameter explanations (continued)

Menu item	Under . . .	Explanation
IA RESET	INDOOR AIR	Activate indoor air reset by setting this to "ON." Zone wiring must be made to the IAR input terminals for IAR to operate. See the Boiler manual for details on wiring to the IAR terminals.
AVG TIME	INDOOR AIR	The averaging time (AVG TIME) is the time span over which the control averages the results of zone demands. Leave this setting at the factory default unless directly otherwise by HydroTherm Technical Support.
SET IAR SETPTS	INDOOR AIR	Leave the delta temp settings at factory default settings unless directed otherwise by HydroTherm Technical Support. The determine how much the control adjusts maximum allowable firing rate based on its monitoring of zone demand.
OA SHUTDOWN	OUTDOOR AIR	When outdoor air shutdown is enabled (ON), the boiler and its circulating pump shut down when the outside temperature is above the outdoor air setpoint (OA SETPT). This requires an outdoor sensor when enabled.
OA SETPT	OUTDOOR AIR	The boiler and its circulator shut down when the outside air temperature is above this setting if outdoor air shutdown is enabled (ON). This requires an outdoor sensor when enabled.
OA RESET	OUTDOOR AIR	Set to "ON" to enable resetting the boiler outlet temperature (or header temperature) based on outside air temperature. Set to "OFF" to disable outdoor reset. This requires an outdoor sensor when enabled.
LOW WATER @ HI OA HI WATER @ LOW OA	OUTDOOR AIR SET OA SETPTS	 <p>These temperatures determine the reset curve for supply water temperature. High water at low outside air means the design water temperature for maximum load (at ODT, or outside design temperature for the installation). The other end of the reset curve is the low water temperature at high outside air temperature. The low water temperature is generally equal to room temperature, meaning no heat input to the space would occur below this outside air temperature.</p>
DELTA ENABLE	PUMP OPTIONS	The boiler pump can be set to run after boiler shutdown to distribute residual heat to the heating system. Delta enable causes the boiler pump to run until the temperature difference between boiler inlet and outlet is less than DELTA TEMP (see below). The pump will continue to run an additional period after this for the amount of time specified in PURGE TIME (below).
DELTA TEMP	PUMP OPTIONS	When DELTA ENABLE (above) is set to "ON," the boiler pump will run until the temperature difference across the boiler is less than DELTA TEMP. (The pump will run an additional time equal to the PURGE TIME.) An inlet temperature sensor is required.
PURGE TIME	PUMP OPTIONS	The boiler pump can run after boiler shutdown to distribute heat remaining in the boiler water. PURGE TIME sets how long the boiler pump will run. (Also see DELTA TEMP, above.) NOTICE: For systems that shut off flow valves (such as zone valve systems) when the call for heat is satisfied, this option must be set to "0" to prevent dead-heading the pump.
ALWAYS ON	PUMP OPTIONS	If ALWAYS ON is set to "YES," the boiler circulator never turns off.
MASTER PUMP	PUMP OPTIONS	If set to "ON," the master control in the network will keep its pump contacts closed (running its pump and/or control valve) if no other boilers are operating. This is used to prevent dead-heading system flow.
SETBACK#	NIGHT SETBACK	Setback number is the designator for the setback operation. Up to four (4) setback operations can be programmed.

4

Control menus and adjustments *(continued)*

Table 8 Setup menus — parameter explanations (continued)

Menu item	Under . . .	Explanation
ENTRY IS	NIGHT SETBACK	Select "ON" to enable a setback operation. Then program the times, days and setpoint. The setpoint assigned will override the KN control's setpoint when setpoint is controlled locally. It will not override 4-20ma control or building management control.
TEMP SCALE	OPTIONS	Select Fahrenheit or Centigrade.
KEY CLICK	OPTIONS	If activated, the control beeps when a key is pressed.
SKIP PASSW	OPTIONS	The control can be programmed such that a password is required to change settings. Setting this to "ON" disables the password.
BRIGHTNESS	OPTIONS	Adjust the brightness of the display.
RUN HRS	LOG/RUNTIME	Displays the total time the boiler gas valve has been open.
LOG ENTRY	LOG/RUNTIME	Displays the current entry in the data log (see Table 9, page 30).
SIZE	LOG/RUNTIME	Displays the current number of entries in the data log.
BOILER CYC	LOG/RUNTIME	Displays the number of times the boiler gas valve has been cycled on, then off. It does not include failed ignition attempts.
COMB AIR DMPR IN USE?	AUX FNCTIONS	Select "YES" to connect a combustion air damper and its end switch to the electrical connection board.
USE RELAY #	AUX FNCTIONS	Only one relay is available.
PROOF TIME	AUX FNCTIONS	Set proof time long enough to be sure the combustion air damper can open and activate its end switch.
DHW PROTECTION	AUX FUNCTIONS	Select "YES" to have the control alarm and disable the DHW demand input if a DHW demand lasts for more than 60 minutes.
SYSTEM CLOCK		Set the system clock (time, day of week, month, day and year) on start-up and after any power outage to ensure the data log time stamp information will be accurate.
LOCAL ADD	ADVANCED SETUP DISTRIB CTRL	Assign each member boiler a unique address, beginning with "2" or higher. Enter any value from 2 to 16. NOTE: When the master boiler control displays the number of boilers on the network, it will show numbers above 9 as letters : 10=A; 11=B; 12=C; 13=D; 14=E, and 15=F. For example, if there are 12 boilers on the network, then the master control will show: "HeatNet BOILERS 123456789ABC" when displayed in the BOILERS menu. The master boiler local address is automatically set to 255. (The master boiler is automatically recognized because it is the one with a header sensor wired to its HEADER SENSOR terminals.)
CONSOLE ADD	ADVANCED SETUP DISTRIB CTRL	This is used only when the boilers are regulated by a building management system, using MODBUS, BACNET or LONWORKS. Assign each member boiler AND the Heat Net master boiler a unique address, an value from 1 to 247.
ADD BOILER DLY	ADVANCED SETUP MODULAR BOILER	This is the minimum wait time before an additional boiler can fire when called on by the master boiler control.
SHED BOILER DLY	ADVANCED SETUP MODULAR BOILER	This is the minimum wait time before a boiler can shut down by the master boiler control.

4

Control menus and adjustments *(continued)***Table 8** Setup menus — parameter explanations (continued)

Menu item	Under . . .	Explanation
MOD DELAY TIME	ADVANCED SETUP MODULAR BOILER	The boiler will remain at minimum fire when first starting until this amount of time has elapsed.
MOD MAX-LAST	ADVANCED SETUP MODULAR BOILER	This sets the maximum firing percentage for boilers during times that some boilers are not firing. It limits input of the boilers to keep them as efficient as possible. Once all boilers are started (during high heat demand periods), this limit is remove, and all boilers can fire up to maximum input. Once any boiler is dropped offline, the limit is applied again.
STOP BAND OFFSET	ADVANCED SETUP MODULAR BOILER	This setting helps reduce short-cycling when water temperature is within the heat band. If the water temperature rises to the top of the heat band less the STOP BAND OFFSET before a boiler just added has completed its modulation delay time, the boiler will shut down. Example, if the top of the heat band is 190°F and stop band offset is 15°F, a newly-added boiler will shut down if the temperature reaches 175°F (190 - 15) before its modulation delay time has ended.
BLR START TIME	ADVANCED SETUP MODULAR BOILER	DO NOT CHANGE — This is the time from receiving a call for heat to when a boiler begins its modulation operation (running at minimum fire).
(P)ROPOR =	ADVANCED SETUP MODULATION PID	This parameter should generally be left at factory default.
(I)NTEGRAL =	ADVANCED SETUP MODULATION PID	This parameter should generally be left at factory default.
(D)ERIVAT =	ADVANCED SETUP MODULATION PID	This parameter should generally be left at factory default.
BAND	ADVANCED SETUP MODULATION PID	This parameter should generally be left at factory default.
ROTATION	ADVANCED SETUP FIRING MODE	Select the rotation method. True rotation attempts to fire all boilers an equal amount of time. First on/first off jogs between boilers to balance usage. Last on/first off maintains the same rotation sequence at all times.
MASTER 1ST	ADVANCED SETUP FIRING MODE	Set this to "ON" to always start the master boiler first, regardless of the rotation scheme selected.
SENSOR#	ADVANCED SETUP SENSORS	There are up to three sensors: OUTSIDE, HEADER and RETURN.
TYPE	ADVANCED SETUP SENSORS	Type Z is for a thermistors sensor (as supplied by HydroTherm). "None" means do not use this sensor. ON/OFF looks for an external dry contact closure.
CALIBRATE ?	ADVANCED SETUP SENSORS	Use this function only if the response to a sensor indicates the control calibration may be off. Calibrate the control by attaching a 10k precision resistor across the sensor terminals. Select "YES" after "CALIBRATE ?". The control will measure the resistance and establish a trim value (in ohms) for the sensor input. The control display will show the trim value setting. The trim value must not exceed +/- 200 ohms. If it does, verify that the resistor is correctly connected. If so, the sensor input is bad. Contact HydroTherm for recommended action. If the trim setting is acceptable, press the SELECT key to accept. The display will show, "TRIM VALUE SET!" After a slight delay, the display will return to the sensors menu.

4

Control menus and adjustments *(continued)***Table 8** Setup menus — parameter explanations (continued)

Menu item	Under . . .	Explanation
CHANGE PASSWORD	ADVANCED SETUP PASSWORD	Use to set/change a password.
BAUD	ADVANCED SETUP COMMUNICATIONS	Not changeable. Always 19200.
PARITY	ADVANCED SETUP COMMUNICATIONS	Select even or odd as required by communications port used.
MODEM	ADVANCED SETUP COMMUNICATIONS	Select "YES" only if a modem is installed.
LOAD DEFAULTS	ADVANCED SETUP	Load the factory defaults when you want to be sure nothing has been changed or after you have loaded new firmware. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect wires to the Heat Demand terminals and any other remote operation wiring. There must be no call for heat during the process. 2. Navigate the control display to "LOAD DEFAULTS." 3. To restore factory calibration settings or factory settings, select either of the options and select "YES" for the prompt, "ARE YOUR SURE?"
FIRMWARE VERSION (UPDATE CONTROL?)	ADVANCED SETUP SYSTEM	The firmware version in the control must match the version in this manual in order to ensure accuracy of the installation/operation information. The control displays the firmware version number when Setup is accessed. To update the control's firmware, obtain a disk from HydroTherm. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect wires to the Heat Demand terminals and any other remote operation wiring. There must be no call for heat during the process. 2. Record all setup information for the application before proceeding. 3. Insert the Firmware Update Program disk into the computer. The program will start and show an option screen. 4. Select "Install USB Drivers" to install the program onto the computer. 5. After the USB driver installation is complete, select "Install Firmware Update." 6. Plug a USB cable into the control connection board, with the other connected to the computer. THE CABLE MUST BE CONNECTED BEFORE STARTING THE FIRMWARE UPDATE PROGRAM. 7. Start the Firmware Update Program. It will auto detect the KN-2 control. The program dialog box will automatically show the control's comport number in the first box. 8. The second box will show the firmware file number. Make sure this is the correct file. If not, use the ". ." box to the right of the file name to navigate to the correct file. 9. Navigate to the control Advanced menu, "System." 10. Select "YES" to update the control. 11. NOTICE: The firmware must be downloaded now for the KN-2 control to function again. 12. Return to the computer. Select "UPDATE." The computer program will ask to turn the boiler off, then back on. 13. After the power is cycled on the boiler, the download will start. 14. If the download is interrupted or fails, turn the boiler ON/OFF switch OFF, then ON. Restart the firmware download program to start the download. (The boiler will appear unresponsive during this time because it is waiting for the download to take place.) 15. When the download is complete, the boiler will power cycle. The display should show STANDBY. 16. If the firmware does not load correctly, the display will remain blank. Try running the firmware program again. 17. Check that the boiler performs properly.

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Troubleshooting

Table 9 Accessing and using the Log

Enter Setup: From STANDBY, hold **BACK** for 5 seconds. Then press **DOWN** until the cursor points to VIEW LOG.

Press **SELECT** with the cursor on VIEW LOG.

The screen will now show the most recent entry in the log.

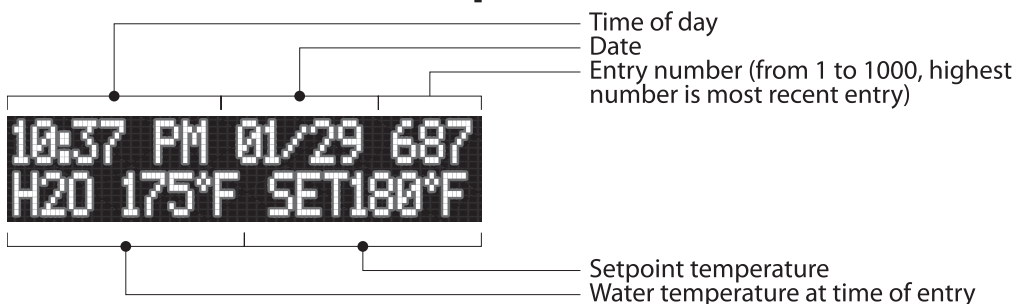
Use the arrow keys to scroll through the log entries (entry number and date are on the first line of the log screen).

Each log entry includes three screens as described below. The top line remains the same in all three, and contains the date stamp and entry number.

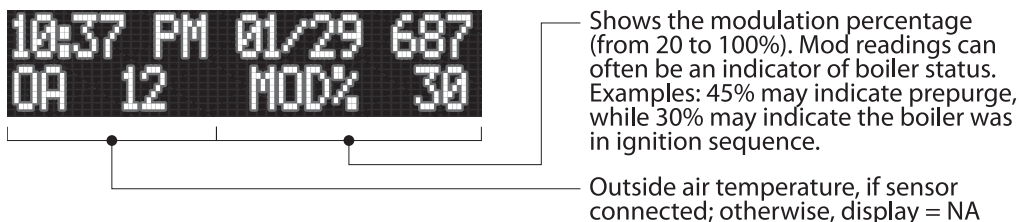
An entry is made each time a change in demand occurs, or when demand changes from heating to DHW or back, each prepurge and postpurge occurrence, and each ignition sequence. An entry is also made when any of the Screen 3 events (below) occurs.

These events may be errors, faults or notification of setback activity.

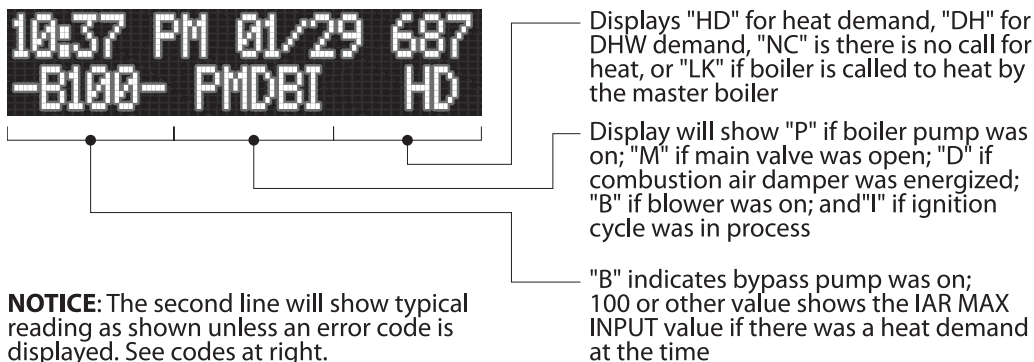
Screen 1 — Date stamp



Screen 2 — Outside temp and mod percentage



Screen 3 — Status or messages (see right)



NOTICE: The second line will show typical reading as shown unless an error code is displayed. See codes at right.

Screen 3 — Messages:

- **NO FLOW SENSED**
- **OPERATE HIGH LIMIT** (high limit tripped)
- **SETPT LIMIT** (OP LIMIT reached)
- **SETBACK #__ IS ACT** (setback initiated, shows 1 to 4)
- **SETBACK #__ EXPIRED** (setback completed, shows 1 to 4)
- **COMBUST AIR FAIL**
- **SYST RESET OURWP** (internal control processor error detection)
- **OUTDOOR RESET**
- **OPEN, with SUPPLY, HEADER, OA or RETURN** (sensor is open)
- **SHORT, with SUPPLY, HEADER, OA or RETURN** (sensor is shorted)
- **FOUND BOILER #** (master boiler detecting member boiler)
- **LOST BOILER #** (master boiler losing signal from member boiler)
- **IGN LOCKOUT**
- **USER INTERLOCK**
- **BLOCKED FLUE**
- **BLOCKED INLET**
- **IAR COMM FAILURE** (indicates problem with wiring between control and connection board)
- **IGN LOCKOUT RETRY**
- **BLOWER PROVE FAULT** (blower did not prove during pre-purge time)

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Troubleshooting *(continued)*

Situation	Suggested procedure
Nothing happens when the power switch is turned on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Check 120VAC power to connection board. Verify power is connected per wiring diagrams. <input type="checkbox"/> The Power switch light (ON -Position) should illuminate if power is wired correctly. <input type="checkbox"/> If the Ignition Control is active, but the front panel display is inactive check: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cable and cable polarity from the control board to the display. 2. Check for 120vac on the primary of the transformer and 24vac on the secondary. If one of the 24vac interlocks has been shorted to ground or the 24vac output is low, the transformer may be damaged or a 24vac circuit may be miswired. <input type="checkbox"/> The KN control is equipped with resettable fuses on the power input circuit. Wiring power incorrectly to the unit will cause these fuses to open. Once the incorrect wiring is corrected, the fuses should reset themselves in less than 5 minutes.
The display shows combustion air damper failure.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> If you are not using the combustion air damper then it needs to be disabled in the AUX FUNCTIONS menu. <input type="checkbox"/> The prove switch for the combustion air damper is not closing. Check to make sure the dampers are being controlled by the output relay you specified when programming for the damper. Also check to make sure the prove switch is working properly. <input type="checkbox"/> If there is no proving switch, you must put a jumper wire across input connection (USER INTRLK). <input type="checkbox"/> If these steps have been done and you continue to get the error message, check the sensor TYPE specified in the SENSORS menu. If it is set to NONE, the controller will not recognize the closed circuit. Set the Sensor type to ON/OFF.
The display is displaying random characters or the control keeps resetting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> There may exist a grounding problem with the controller or one of the boilers, pumps, contactors or other devices connected to it. <input type="checkbox"/> If all grounding is correct, there may be an issue with radiated or induced electrical noise (interference). This may be caused by arcing across a contactor's contacts when starting a pump motor or a large electrical load. It may also be caused by the ignition transformer being improperly grounded or the spark gap being out of adjustment. <input type="checkbox"/> Attempt to identify the noise source: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What is the boiler/controller trying to do at the time of the failure? 2. Is the boiler on the same circuit as the noise source? (The boiler should have isolated power.) 3. Are shielded sensor wires used? (Ensure the shields are grounded only at the boiler control end.) 4. Are any sensors or sensor wires located near a transmitting antenna? (Move sensor)
There are no heating boilers on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Check the settings for OA SETPOINT and OA RESET. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the outdoor air temperature is above the OA SETPOINT and OA RESET is on, the circulator pump relay will be locked out and the heating boilers will not fire. 2. If the water temperature is within the heating band around the setpoint, boilers will not come on. 3. The water temperature must fall below the lower band limit to begin firing boilers.
Unable to change the # of Boilers in the BOILERS menu.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In H-Net method, the KN control auto-detects the boilers in the system and adjusts the number of boilers accordingly. <input type="checkbox"/> Using H-NET, if the number of boilers is not being detected properly as the actual number of boilers in the system, check each boiler. There can only be (1) master boiler, but there can be up to 15 member boilers. <input type="checkbox"/> Make sure only the master boiler has a Header Sensor connected. <input type="checkbox"/> Verify that each boiler's HeatNet cable is in place. <input type="checkbox"/> Verify that each boiler has a unique address assigned (ADVANCED SETUP, DISTRIB CTRL, LOCAL AD).
The BOILERS menu only indicates one boiler, but there are member boilers connected. The amber light blinks on all of the boilers communication's jacks.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Verify that the latest version of firmware is installed on all boilers. <input type="checkbox"/> All boilers in a system must have the same firmware revision (version). <input type="checkbox"/> Verify the proper termination is set on the Master and the last Member boiler.

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Troubleshooting *(continued)*

Situation	Suggested procedure
HeatNet boilers are detected but then lost and then detected again.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> The H-Net communications cable may be receiving interference from the blower, ignition, or other form of radiated electrical noise. <input type="checkbox"/> Termination of the jumpers may not be correct or there is more than one master. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ensure that the termination dip switches are set on the MASTER boiler and only the LAST MEMBER boiler. All of the other member boilers should have their termination dip switches OFF. 2. There may be two or more MASTER boilers. Ensure that only one header sensor is present and connected to the HEADER input. There should be no wires or sensors connected to the HEADER input if the boiler is operating as a member. 3. Verify that the HNet cables are of a shielded or twisted pair type. Shielding of the cable is required. 4. Minimize possible electrical interference by routing the communications cables away from electrical noise sources, such as motors, ignition controls, contactors, etc.
Only the MASTER boiler Fires, but the system has many boilers and is using HeatNet.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In order for the MASTER boiler to act as a MASTER, the header sensor must be set to TYPEZ, and there must be a header sensor present. <input type="checkbox"/> At power-up, the header sensor is auto detected. If the temperature of the header sensor at power-up is greater than -25 °F and less than 240 °F it is considered a valid sensor. The boiler will default to the MEMBER mode if the temperature is not in this range, and can only be run locally or by external inputs. <input type="checkbox"/> The HNet needs a communications cable daisy-chained between boilers. Ensure that a good connection is made on the communications board and that the lights on the dual RJ45 jacks flash (roughly twice a second). The MASTER is the only one that should flash with no communications cables plugged in.
You get the error message – WATER FLOW SWITCH or WAITING FOR FLOW.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> If the control does not sense a closed circuit at input connection, FLOW SWITCH, check to make sure the circuit for the circulator pump is correct, that the pump is being energized, and that the flow prove switch is working properly. <input type="checkbox"/> If there is no flow prove switch, check to make sure that a jumper wire has been connected across the FLOW SWITCH terminals.
You have forgotten the password.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Turn the ON/OFF switch off. Then depress and hold the ESC key while turning it back on. This will load the default password "AAAAAA".
Firmware update program starts to load, but then stops.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Ensure that the USB driver for your PC/Laptop computer is properly installed.

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